

### **MISO Futures Overview**

PJM Independent State Agencies Committee

May 22, 2023

# MISO's Reliability Imperative works to define the MISO changes that are necessary to reliably manage the changing resource portfolio

Reliability

**Imperative** 

#### **Market Redefinition**

Develops significant market enhancements and optimizations to ensure continued reliability and value in anticipation of the changing resource mix, more frequent extreme weather events, and increasing electrification.

### Transmission Evolution

Assesses the region's future transmission needs and associated cost allocation holistically, including transmission to support utility and state plans for existing and future generation resources.

### **System Enhancements**

Creates flexible, upgradeable, and secure systems that integrate advanced technologies to process increasingly complex information and evolve with the industry.

### **Operations of the Future**

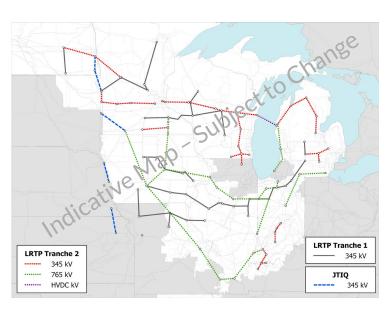
Focuses on the skills, processes and technologies needed to ensure MISO can effectively manage the grid of the future under increased complexity.

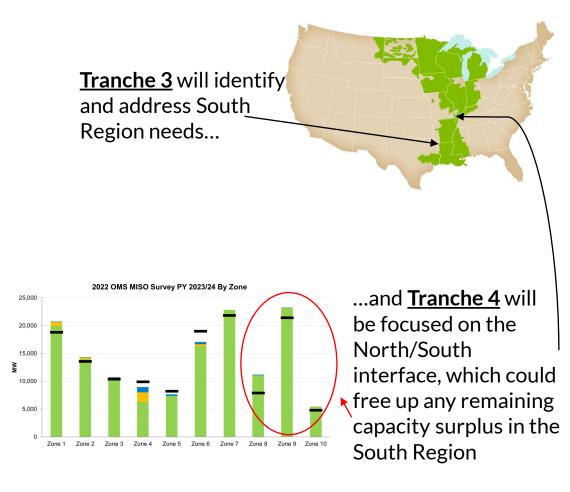


## The Long Range Transmission Planning effort is increasing the ability to add and transfer carbon-free and flexible resources throughout the system

<u>Tranche 1</u>, approved summer of 2022, identified an 18-project, \$10.3 billion portfolio of transmission investment in the North and Central Regions.

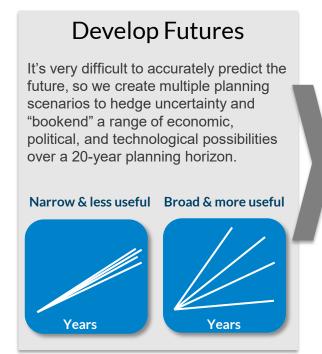
<u>Tranche 2</u> will address additional needs in these subregions.

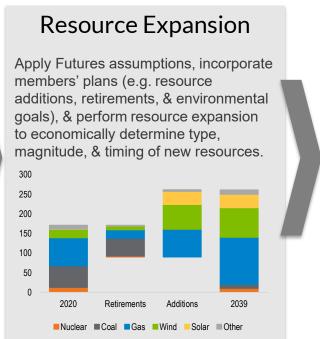


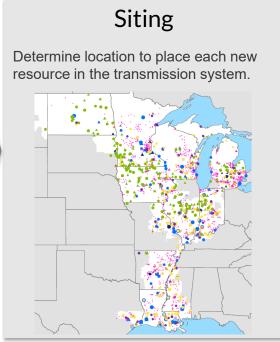




### MISO's Futures fills the resource gap between what is known & being planned by our members vs. what the system needs







### MISO is not a resource planner

- However, MISO is required to perform long-term planning analysis which require sufficient resources through out the study period
- Typically the amount of resources needed exceed what is currently known or publicly being planned by members
- The MISO Futures Process is a tool to help fill the resource gap.



Currently, MISO has three Futures that incorporate & bookend

uncertainty with members' plans

#### **Future 1** Future 2 Future 3 **Clean Energy Goals** in the MISO Region • Changing federal and Companies/states The footprint develops in line with 100% of meet their goals, state policies support STATES WITH ENFORCEABLE utility IRPs and 85% of mandates and footprint-wide carbon DECARBONIZATION GOALS STATES WITH ASPIRATIONAL emissions reduction of utility announcements, announcements. DECARBONIZATION GOALS 80% by 2040. Changing federal and UTILITIES WITH 80%+ TARGETS or preferences. Increased electrification state policies support UTILITIES WITH 50%+ TARGETS Emissions decline as an footprint-wide carbon drives a footprint-wide MISO Footprint emissions reduction of 50% increase in energy outcome of utility by 2040. 60% by 2040. Load growth consistent Energy increases 30% with current trends. footprint-wide by 2040 driven by electrification Updated: February 2023 21 utilities 3 states have 2 states with have energy



100% clean

energy laws

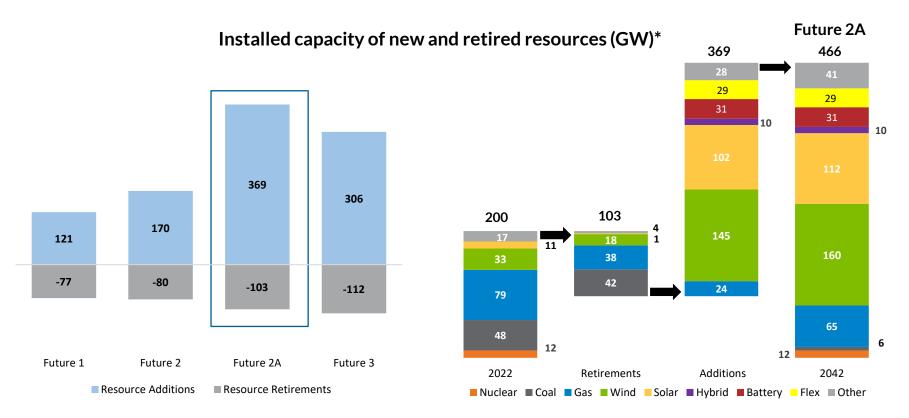
100% clean

energy goals

goals greater

than 80%

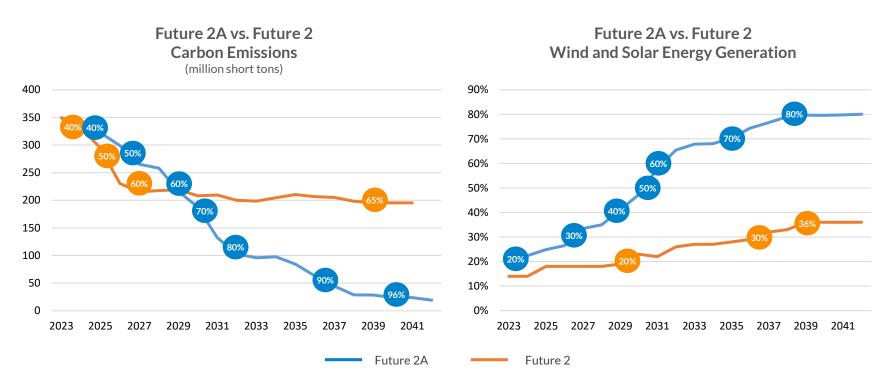
# MISO is currently refreshing the MISO Futures and the updated Future 2 (F2A) expansion & retirements approach or surpass levels seen in the original Future 3



<sup>\*</sup> Data as of April 26, 2023. Futures do not account for all operational-level reliability needs and attributes that may require different levels of dispatchable resources. Resource additions may be subject to adjustment based on new accreditation rules. "Other" includes biomass, geothermal, hydro, oil, pumped hydro storage, demand response, non-py distributed generation, and energy efficiency.



## MISO's refreshed Future 2 (F2A) reflects significant fleet transition which is decarbonizing faster and deeper along with reaching a wind and solar penetration level of 30% ~10 years earlier than in Future 2



<sup>\*</sup> Data as of March 7, 2023. Futures do not account for all operational-level reliability needs and attributes that may require different levels of dispatchable resources. Resource additions may be subject to adjustment based on new accreditation rules.

