

Markets Report

MC Webinar
December 18, 2023

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- PJM Wholesale Cost in 2023 is \$50.60/MWh, down from full-year 2022 costs of \$102.56/MWh.
 (Slides 5 & 6)
- Slides pertaining to weather conditions, in addition to slides showing average fuel prices, generation on-line fuel mixes, and System Marginal Prices have been combined into a Market Conditions section. (Slides 8- 22)
- In November, temperatures fluctuated above and below average for most of the month. The sum of Heating and Cooling Degree Days was slightly below its historic average. (Slides 8-10)
- Energy use was slightly above its historic average for November. (Slides 8-10)
- In November, uplift exceeded \$800,000 on six days. (Slides 26 & 27)



- Load-weighted average LMP for 2023 is \$31.38/MWh: (Slides 35-37)
 - November 2023 was \$33.00/MWh, which is much lower than November 2022 (\$52.90/MWh) and November 2021 (\$63.00/MWh).
- There were no 5-minute intervals that experienced shortage pricing in November. (Slides 34, Report Appendix)
- FTR revenue adequacy for the month of November is 98% and the 2023-2024 Planning Year is currently funded at 100%. (Slides 52-55)
- Congestion values have been trending lower in 2023 as compared to 2022. (Slide 53)
- Regulation and Synchronized Reserve market costs have generally tracked with energy prices over time. (Slides 69-71)

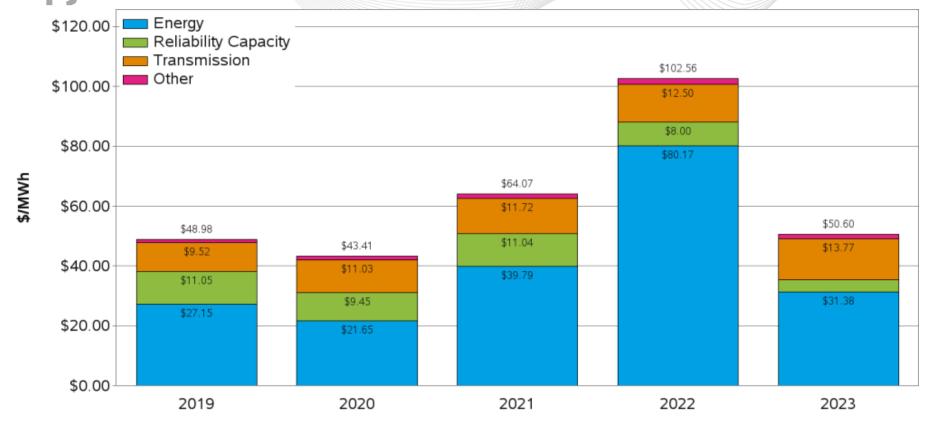


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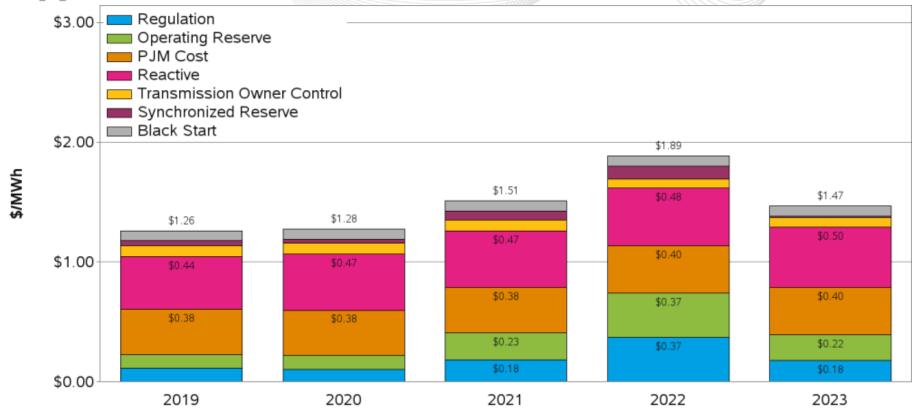


PJM Wholesale Cost





PJM Wholesale Cost - Other





Market Conditions

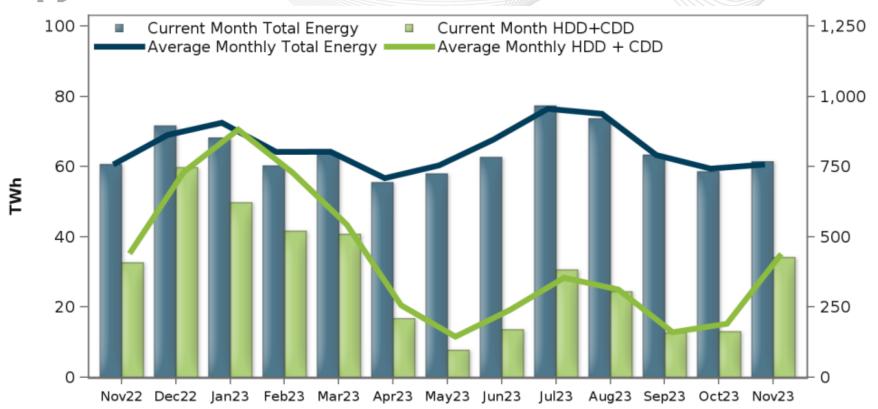
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- The weather parameter shown in the following slide is a monthly sum of daily Heating Degree Days (HDD) and Cooling Degree Days (CDD).
- Degree days represent a deviation from a baseline temperature, in this case 60 degrees for HDD and 65 degrees for CDD. As temperatures get more extreme, colder or hotter, either HDDs or CDDs, respectively, will increase.
- Typically, winter months will only record HDDs, while summer months will only record CDDs. Shoulder months may have both HDDs and CDDs.
- Degree Days are calculated using a daily load weighting that weights values from stations in each TO zone according to the zonal contribution to the RTO peak on that day.
- Average values use data from 1998 to the most recent complete year, in this case, 2020.
 Averages include load data for all of TO zones in the current RTO footprint.

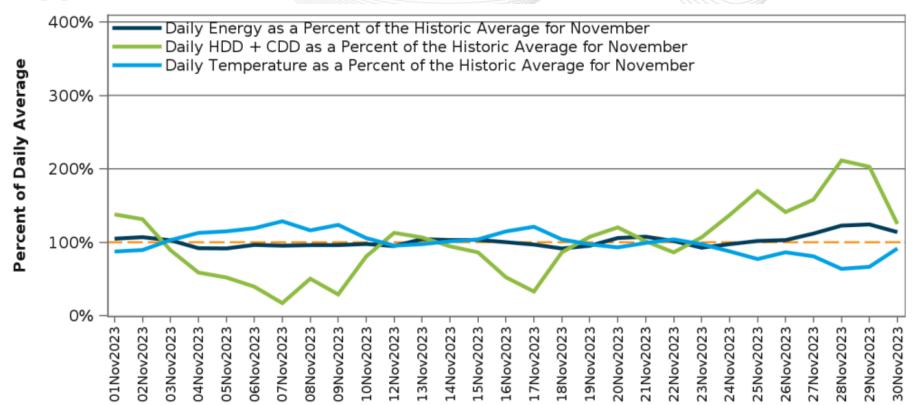


Historic Average Weather and Energy versus Current Month



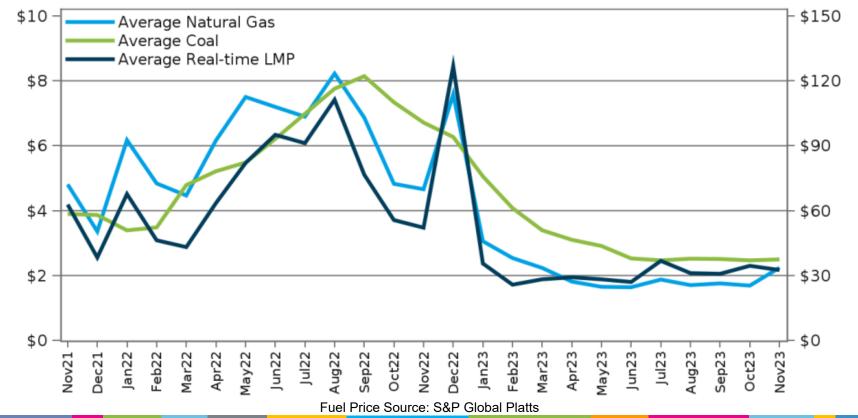


Historic Average Weather and Energy versus Current Month - Daily

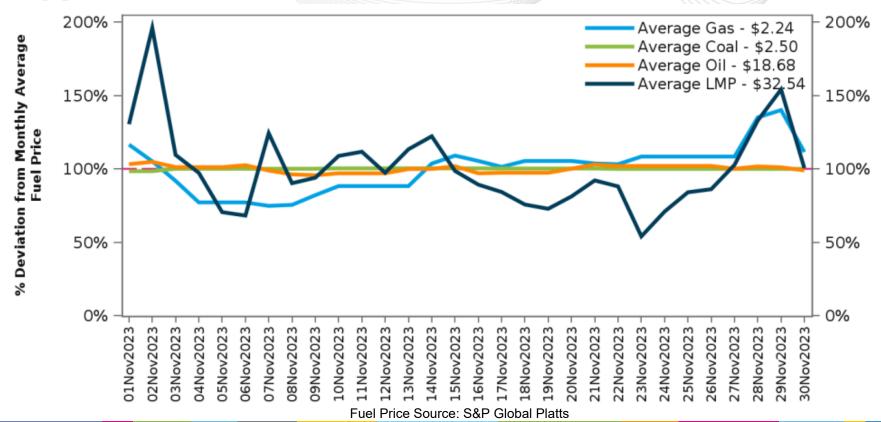


Monthly Average Fuel Price (\$/MMBtu)

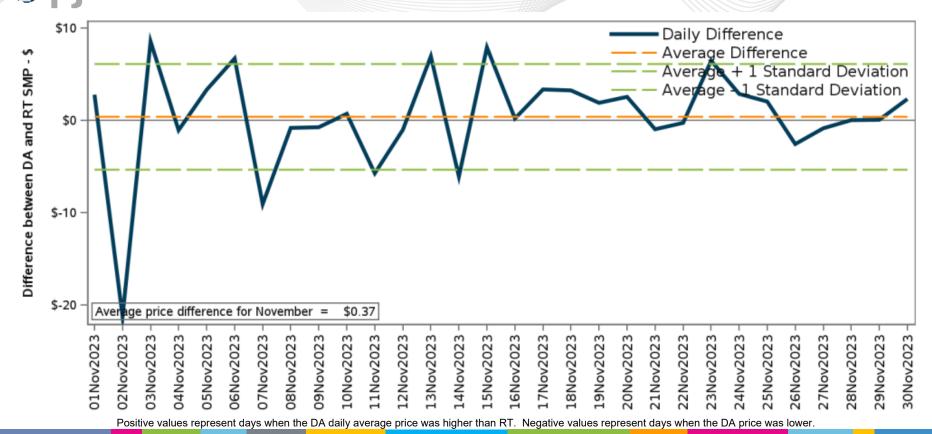








pipaily Difference Between Day-Ahead and Real-Time System Marginal Prices



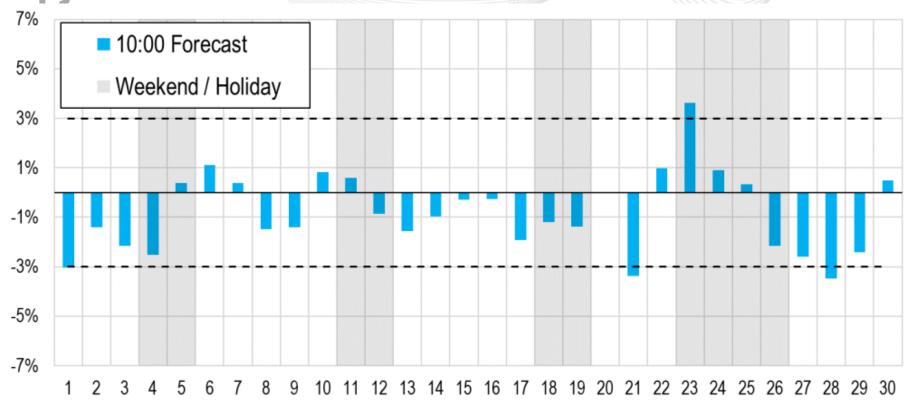


Load Forecast Error - Monthly Absolute Error, 10:00 Forecast





Load Forecast Error - November Daily Peaks, 10:00 Forecast

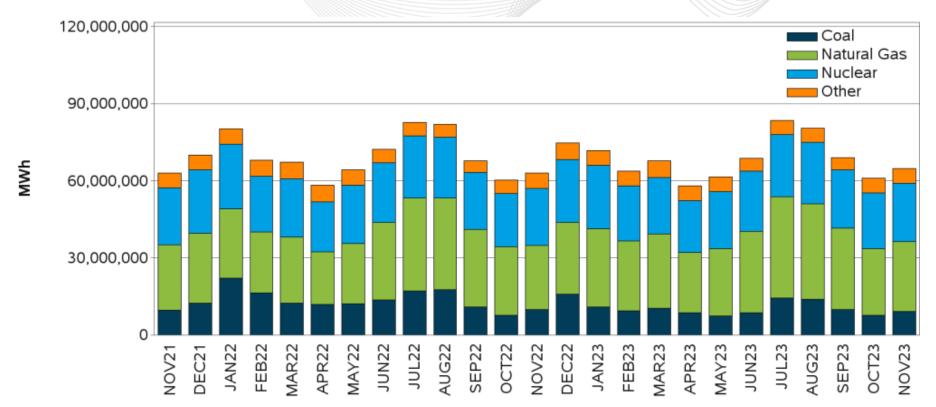




- PJM prepares a day-ahead load forecast at 10:00 am for use by our members.
- This forecast is not used to clear the day-ahead market and is not utilized for the reliability tools that run subsequent to the day-ahead market.
 - Load was initially under forecast on 11/1, 11/21, and 11/28 due to temperatures coming in colder across the RTO, leading to higher loads. Also, cloud cover played a role in the middle of the day, as more energy was pulled from the grid instead of the behind-the-meter solar.
 - On 11/23, Thanksgiving, over-forecasting occurred due to forecast uncertainty around holiday impact and model performance given the holiday.



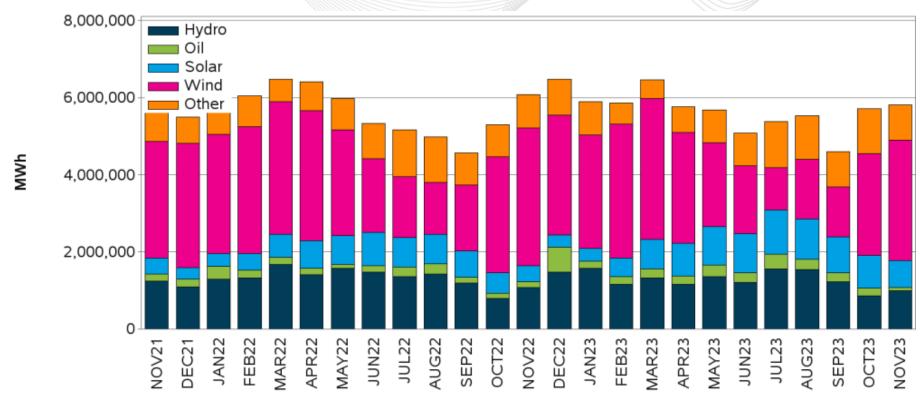
Monthly Generation by Fuel



'Other' includes Hydro, Oil, Solar, Wind, and Other



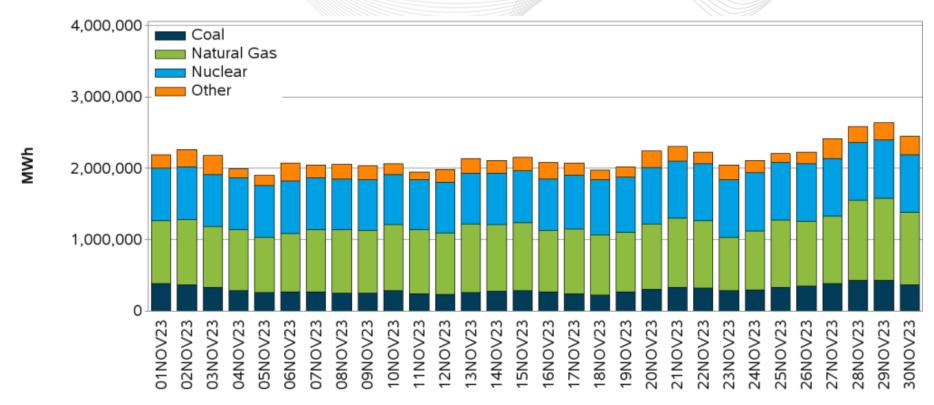




'Other' includes Flywheels, Multiple Fuels, Storage, and Other Renewables



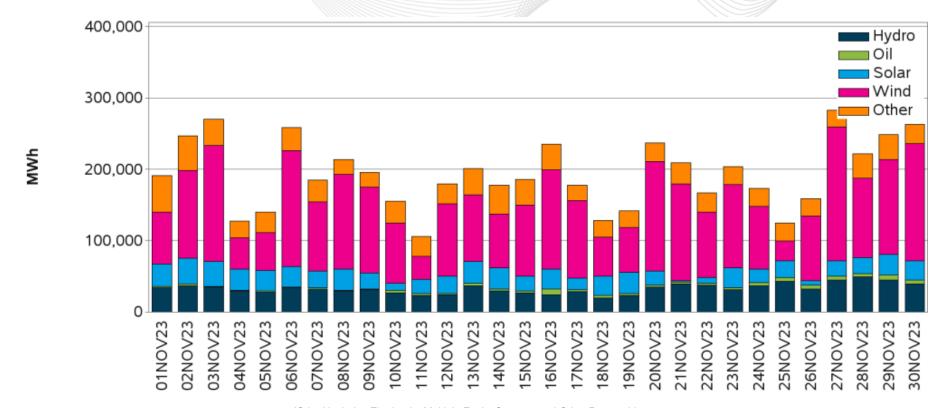
Daily Generation by Fuel - November



'Other' includes Hydro, Oil, Solar, Wind, and Other



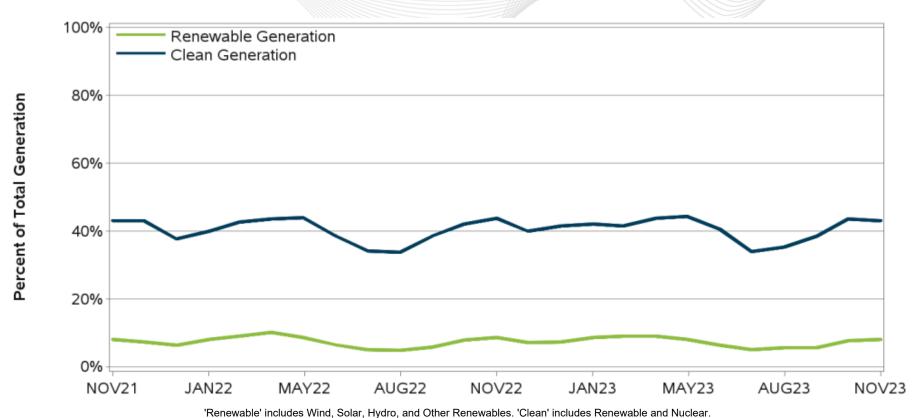
Daily Generation by Fuel, Other - November



'Other' includes Flywheels, Multiple Fuels, Storage, and Other Renewables



Percent of Renewable and Clean Generation





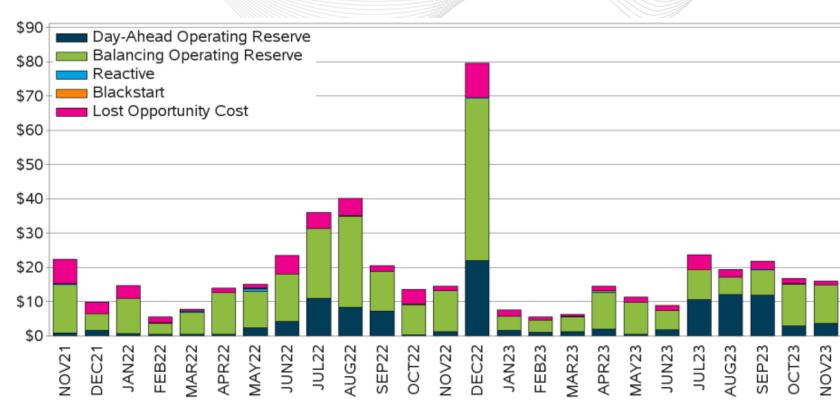
Operating Reserve (Uplift)

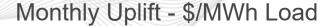
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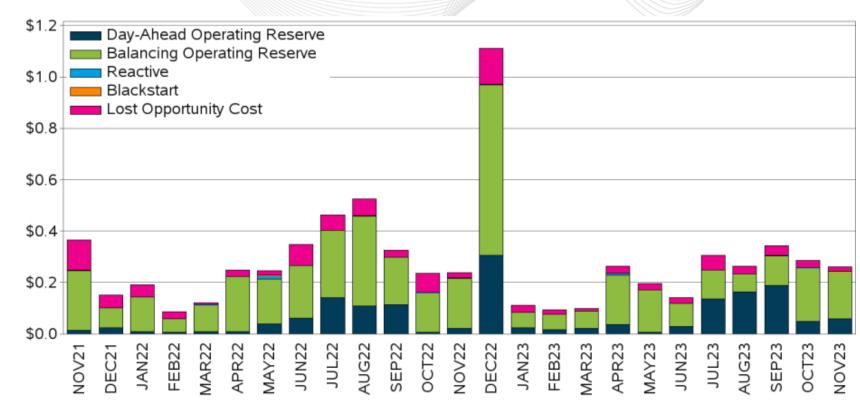
\$ Millions





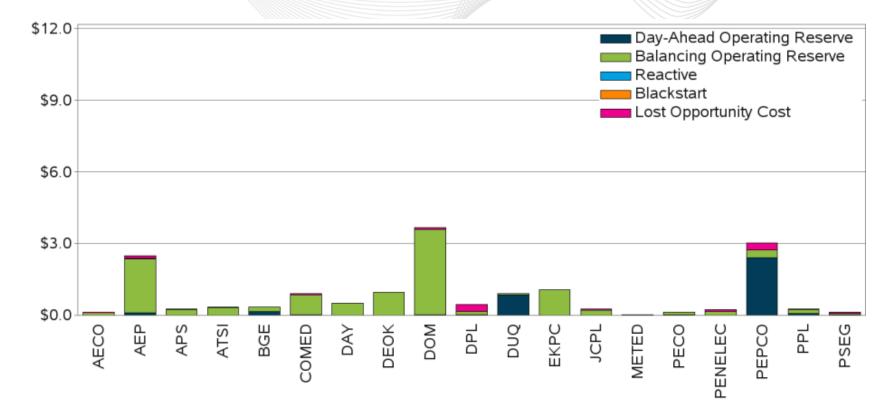


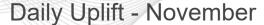




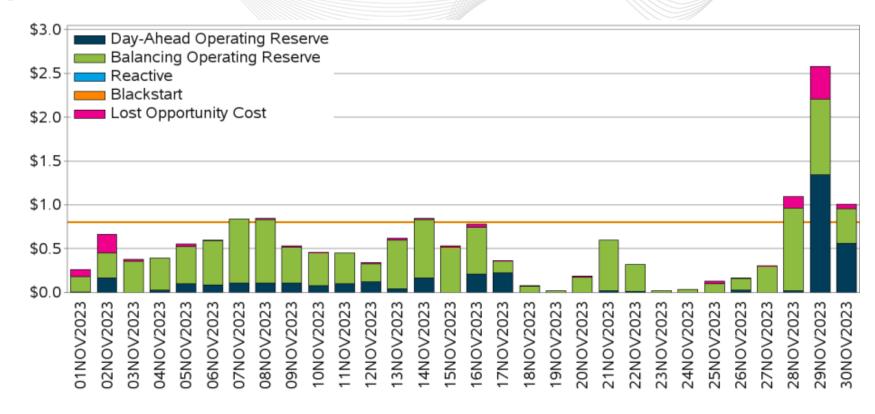
\$ Millions

Zonal Uplift - November





\$ Millions



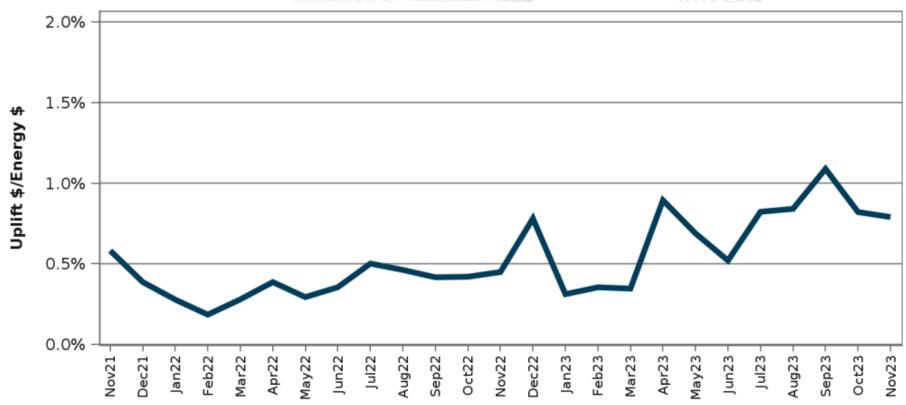


- In November, uplift exceeded \$800,000 on six days -
- Contributing factors to uplift were:
 - Localized congestion and support to North/South flows due to outages

More information on Uplift can be found on the PJM website at <u>Drivers of Uplift</u>

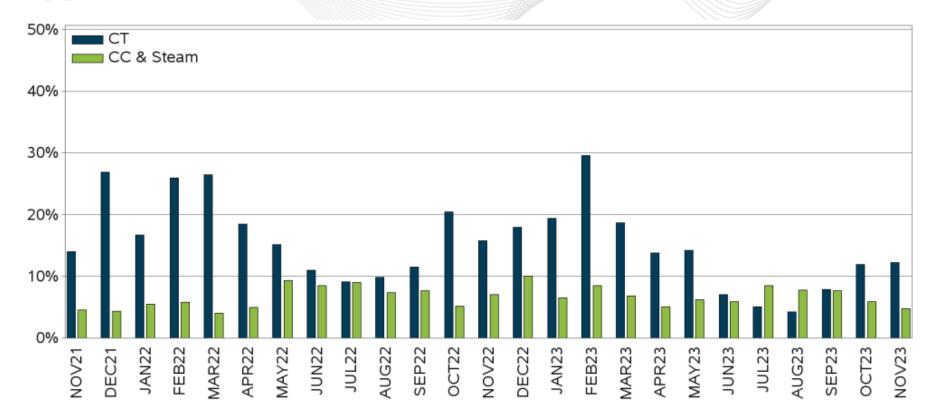








Percent of Total CT, CC and Steam Hours with LMP < Offer

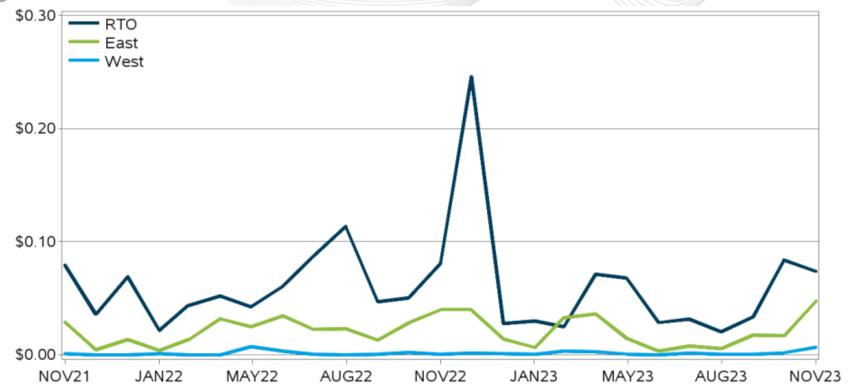




- Beginning in December 2008, the daily Balancing Operating Reserves (BOR) rate
 was replaced with six different BOR rates: RTO BOR for Reliability Rate, RTO BOR
 for Deviations Rate, East BOR for Reliability Rate, East BOR for Deviations Rate,
 West BOR for Reliability Rate, West BOR for Deviations Rate.
- Reliability rates are charged to all real-time load and exports, whereas deviation rates, as before, are charged only to real-time deviations. RTO rates are charged to the whole footprint, whereas East and West rate adders are charged based on location.

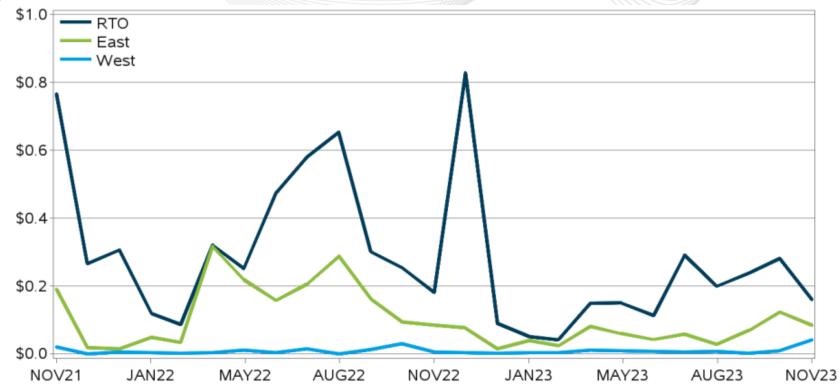
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Reliability Balancing Operating Reserve Rates



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Deviations Balancing Operating Reserve Rates



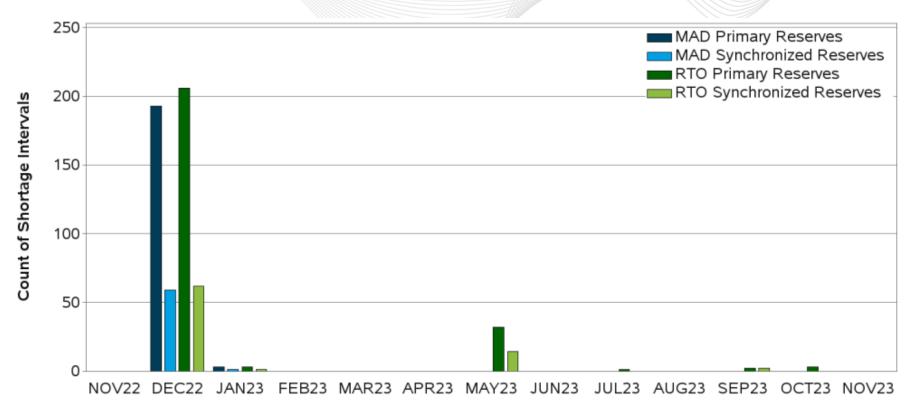


Energy Market LMP Summary

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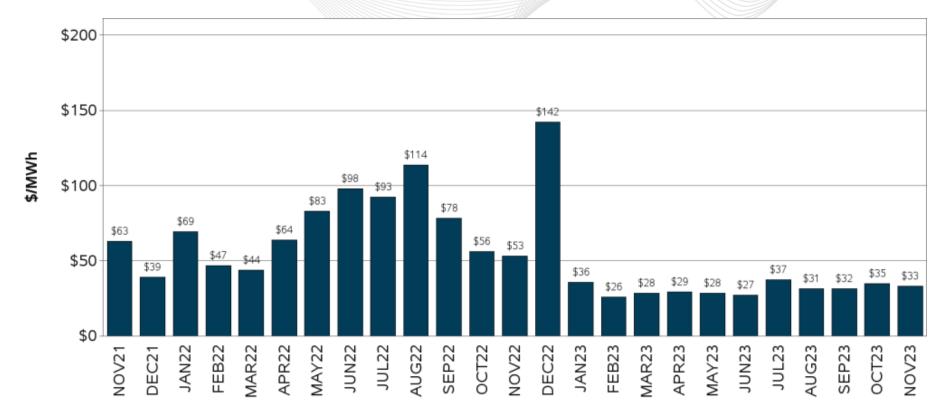


Shortage Pricing Intervals



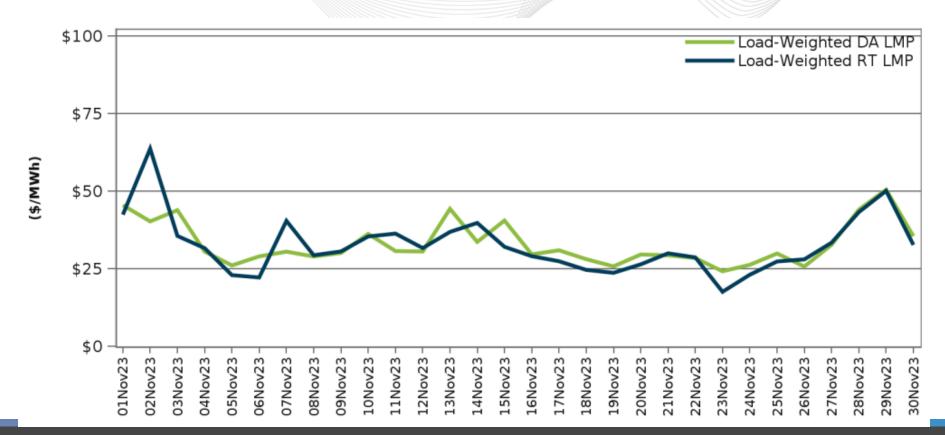


Monthly Load-Weighted Average Real-time LMP



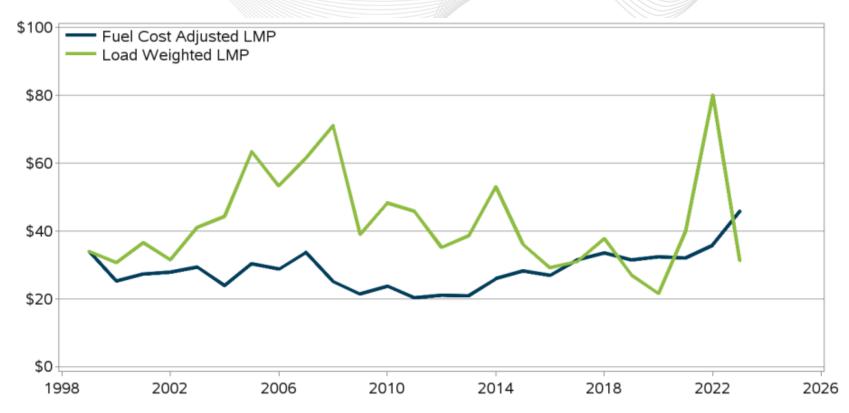


Daily Load-Weighted Average DA & RT LMP





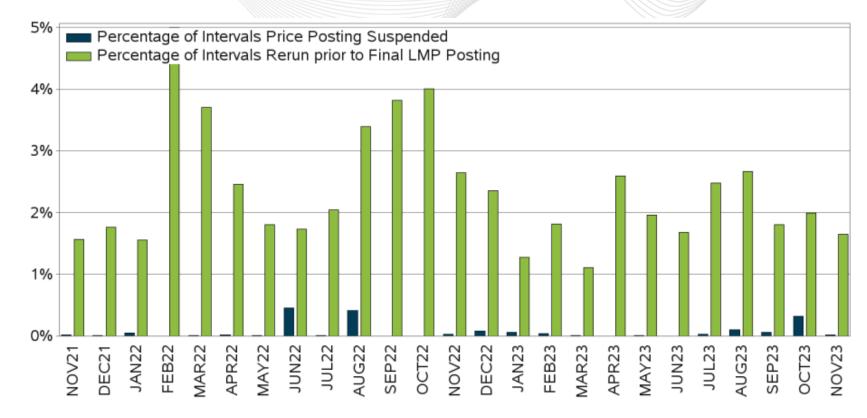
Fuel Cost Adjusted LMP (Referenced to 1999 Fuel Prices)



\$/MWh

LMP Price Posting Suspensions and Reruns







Energy Market

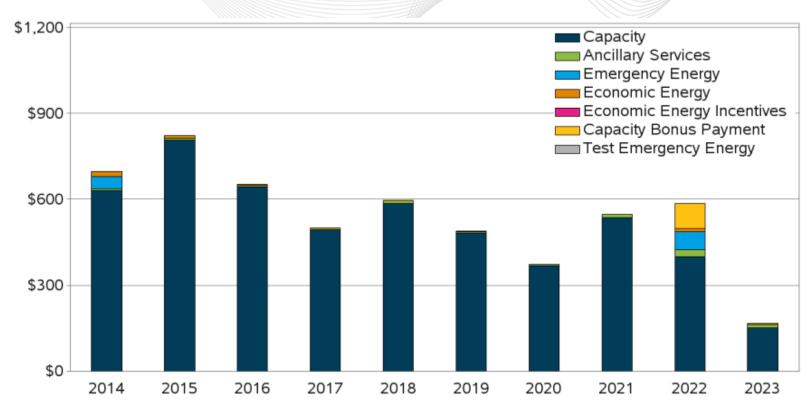
Demand Response Summary

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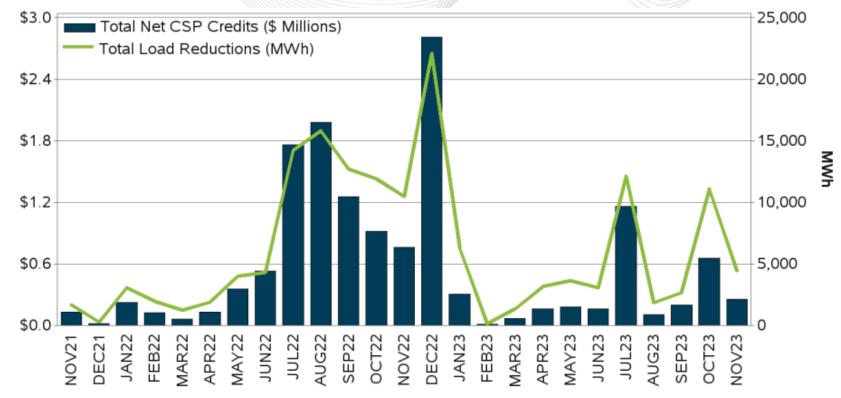
Demand Side Response Estimated Revenue





\$ Millions

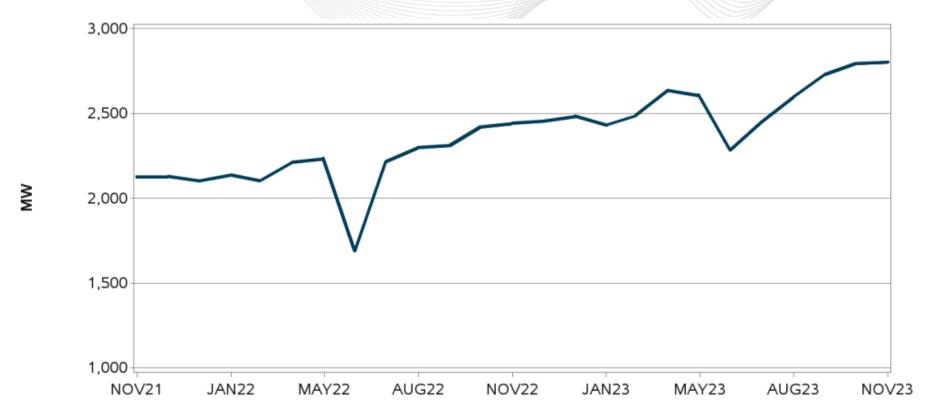
Economic Demand Response Activity



*Data for the last few months are subject to significant change due to the settlement window.



Total Registered MW in PJM's Economic Demand Response





Energy Market

Virtual Activity Summary

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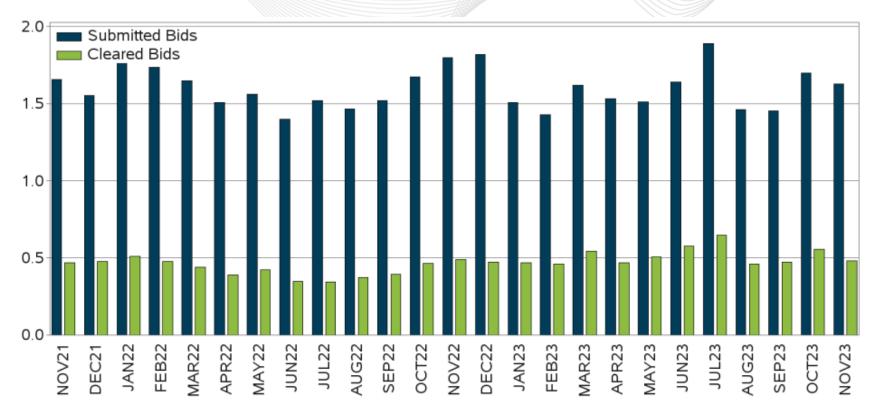


INCs, DECs and Up-To-Congestion Transactions

- The following six charts depict trends in submitted and cleared virtual and up-to-congestion transactions, in terms of number and volume, into the PJM Energy Market. The first two of these charts show the submitted and cleared increment and decrement bids (virtual transactions or virtuals) and they are the same as what was previously being presented in this report. The two charts after them display the trends in submitted and cleared up-to-congestion transactions into the PJM Energy Market. The last two of these six charts combine the virtual and up-to-congestion transactions and show the sum of these two categories.
- To clarify what a bid or transaction is, please consider the following example: An offer (increment, decrement or up-to-congestion) of 10 MW, valid for eight hours for a given day, is captured in the charts as eight submitted bids/transactions and 80 submitted MWh. If this offer fully clears for three of the hours it was submitted for, it shows in the charts as three cleared bids/transactions and 30 cleared MWh.

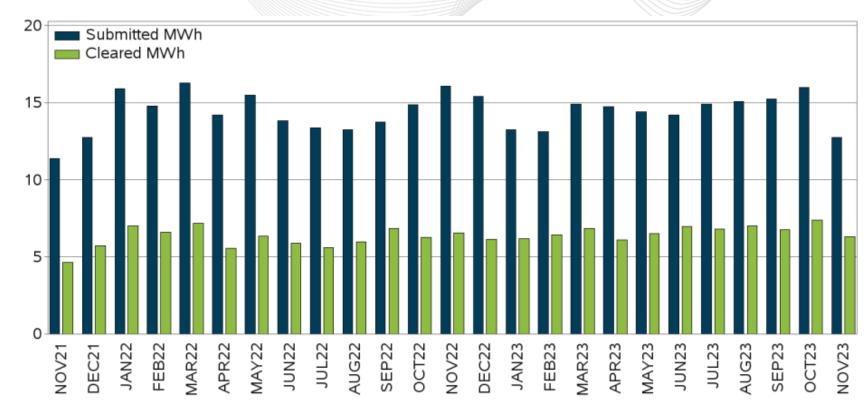






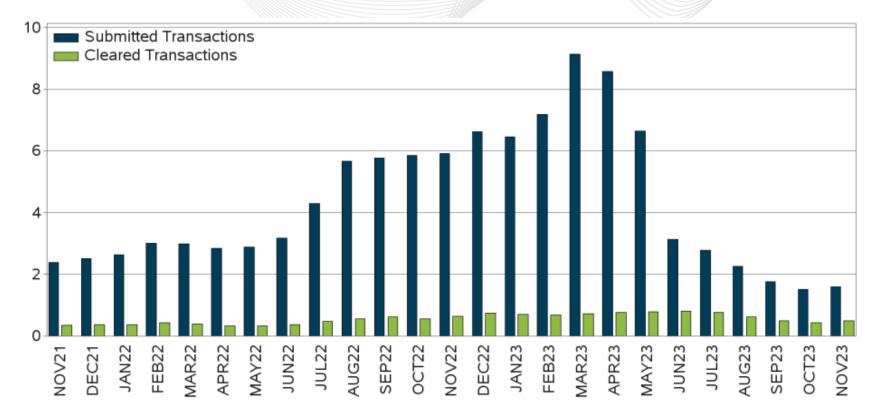






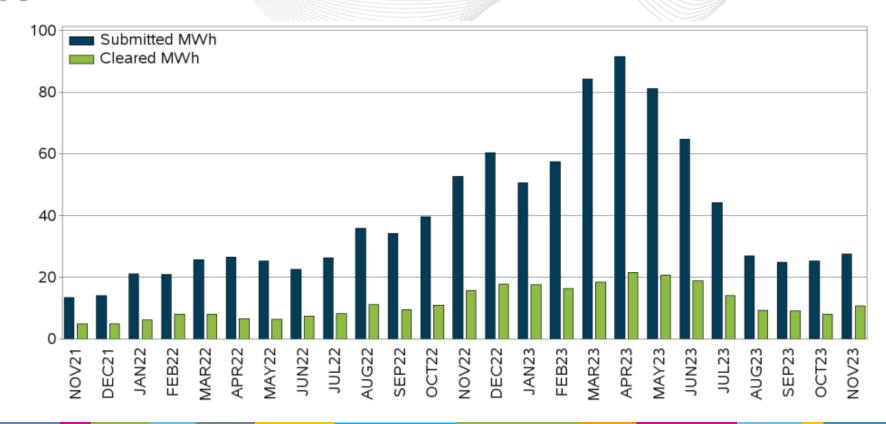






Up-To-Congestion Transactions - Total Volume

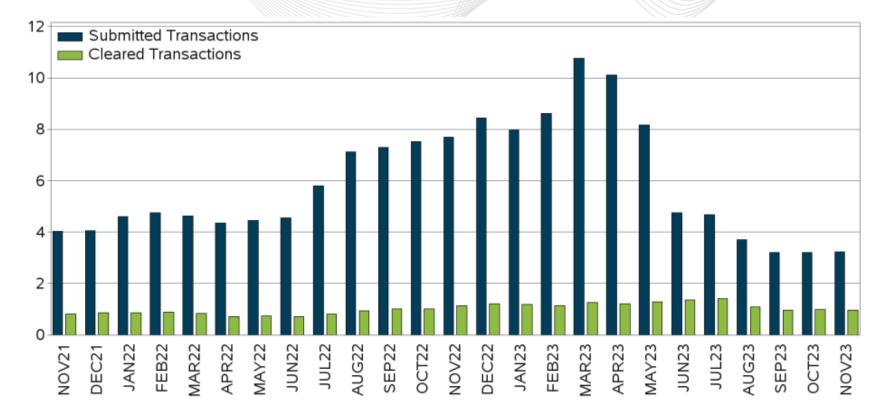






INCs, DECs and Up-To-Congestion Transactions - Total Number

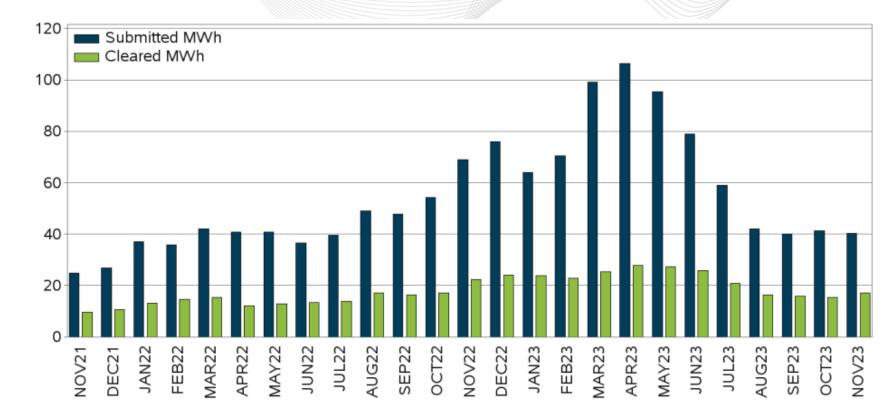






MWh (Millions)

INCs, DECs and Up-To-Congestion Transactions - Total Volume





Energy Market

Congestion and FTR Summary

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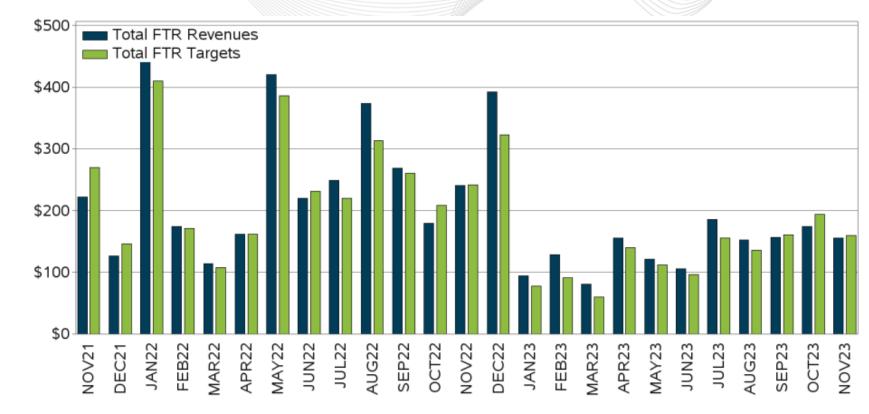


Period	Surplus / Underfunding	Payout Ratio
November 2023	\$-3,916,289	98%
2023	\$128,546,792	100%
2023/2024	\$28,785,209	100%

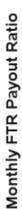


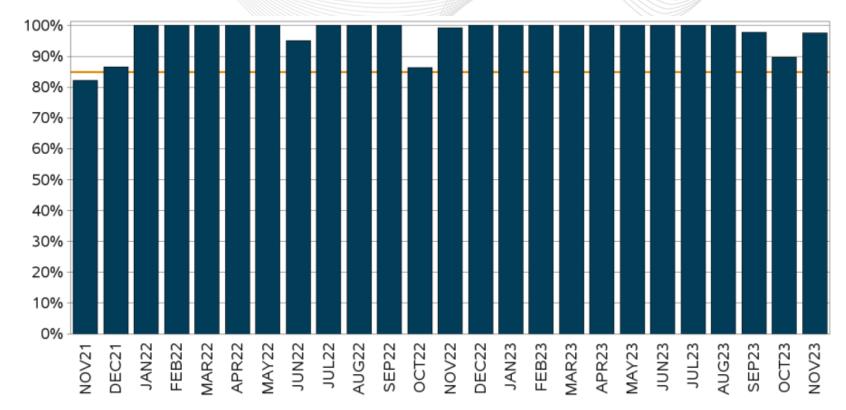








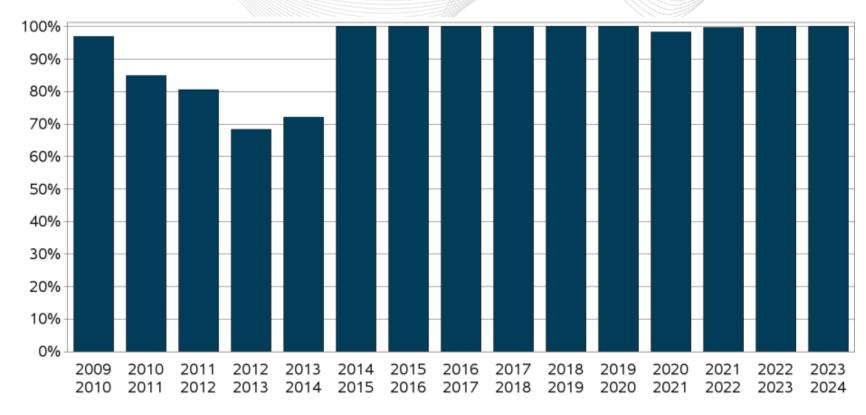




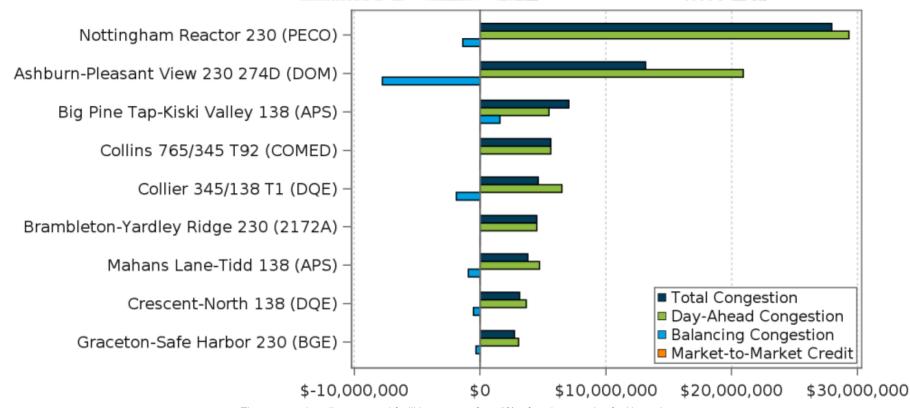




Planning Period FTR Payout Ratio



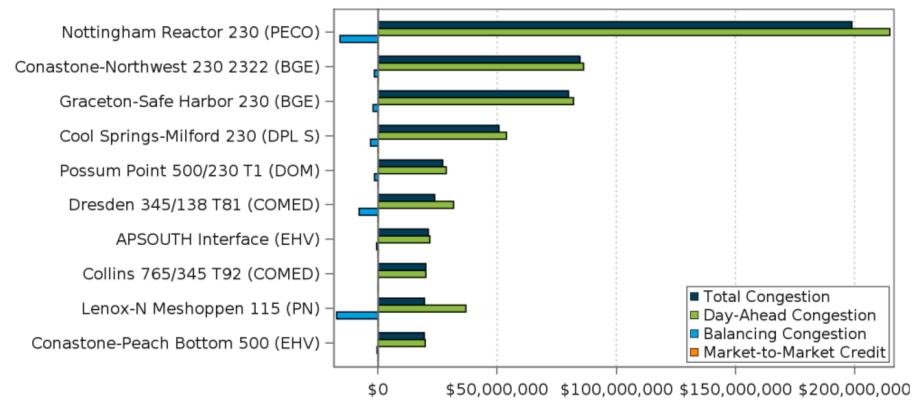
Ten Most Heavily Congested Transmission Facilities - Overall, November



The ten most heavily congested facilities account for 72% of total congestion for November.



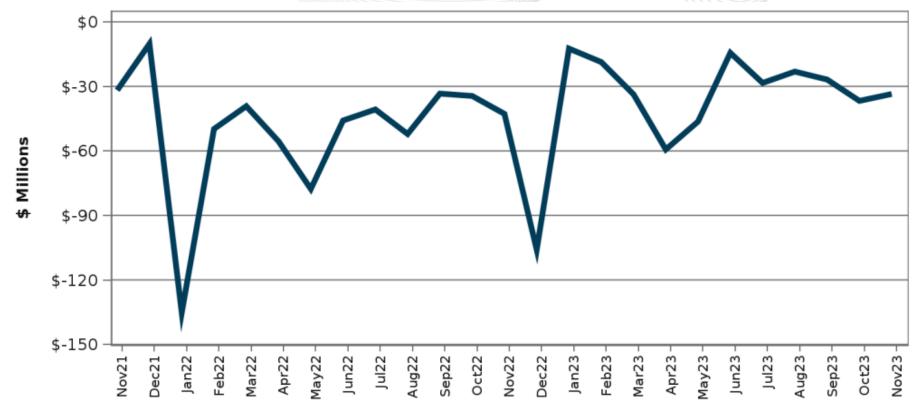
Ten Most Heavily Congested Transmission Facilities - Overall, 2023



The ten most heavily congested facilities account for 54% of total congestion for 2023.



Balancing Congestion Charge Revenues (BLI 2215)

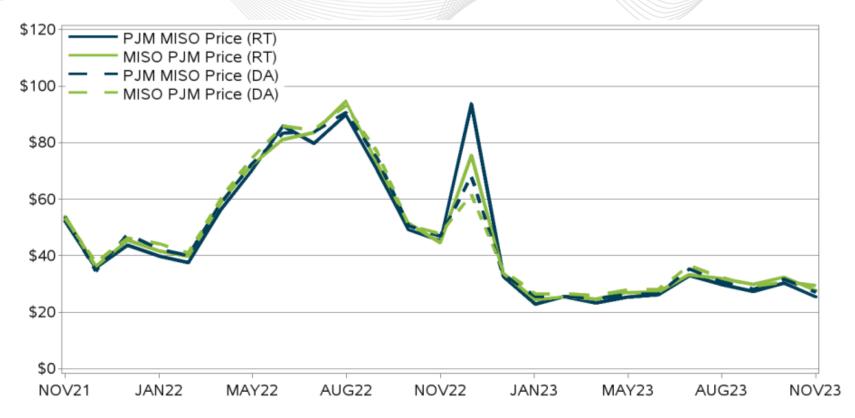




Energy Market

Interchange/Seams Summary

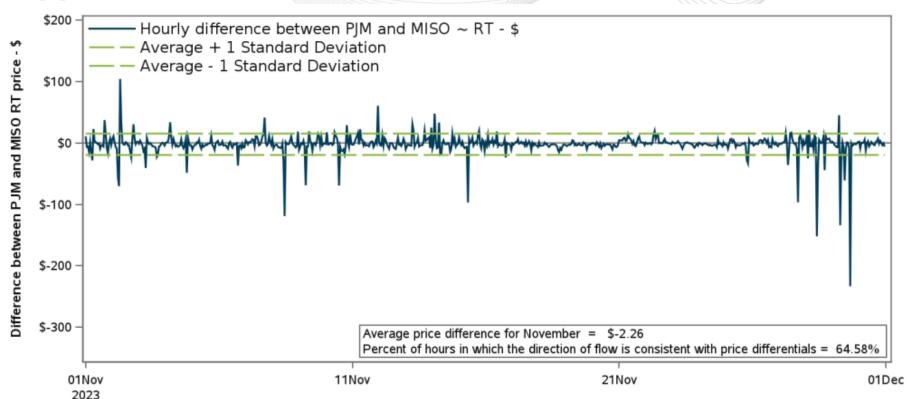
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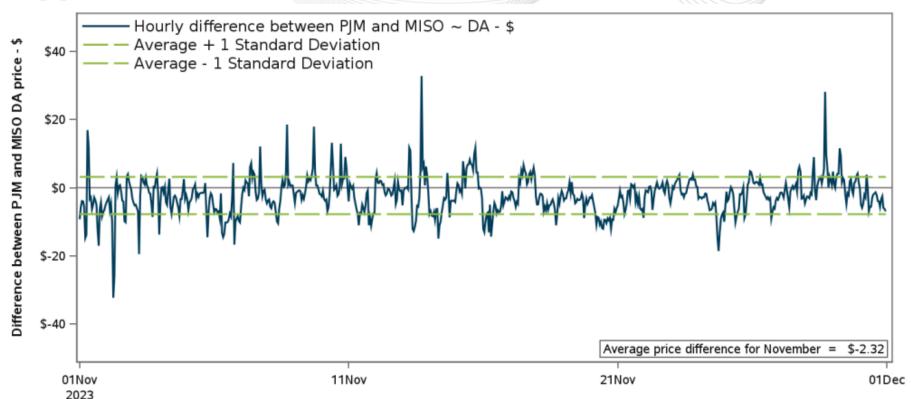


Hourly Difference Between PJM and MISO Real-Time Prices



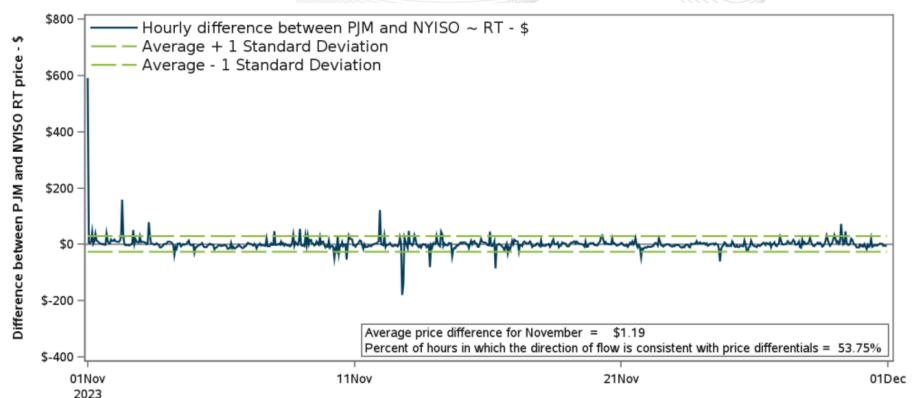


Hourly Difference Between PJM and MISO Day-Ahead Prices



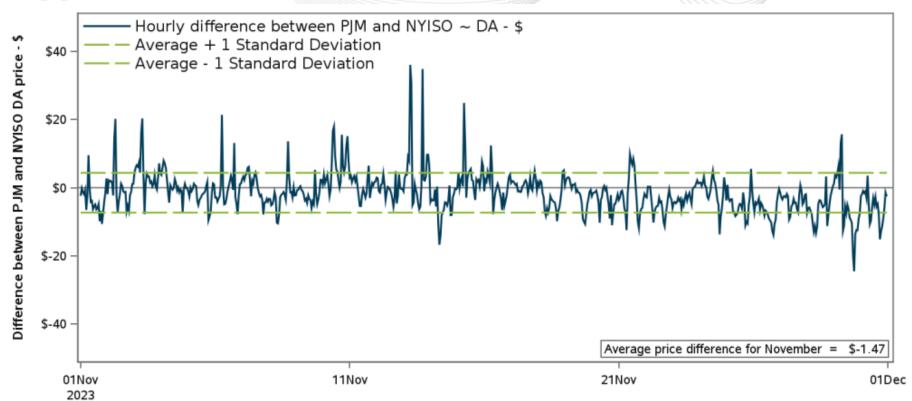


Hourly Difference Between PJM and NYISO Real-Time Prices





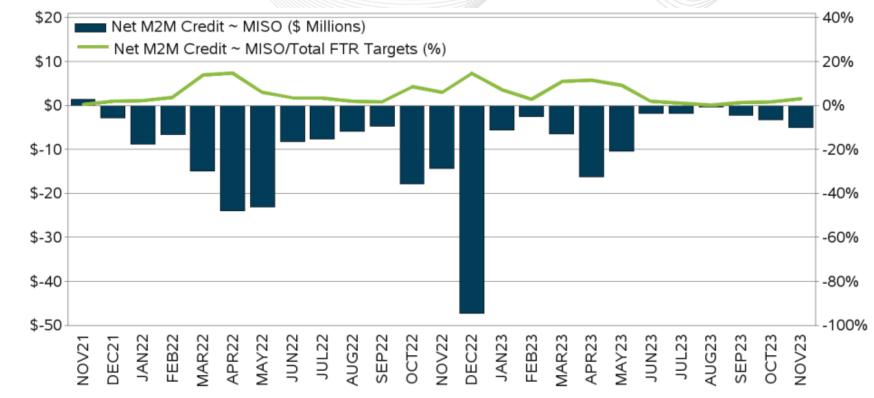
Hourly Difference Between PJM and NYISO Day-Ahead Prices





\$ Millions

PJM-MISO Market-to-Market Coordination Settlement

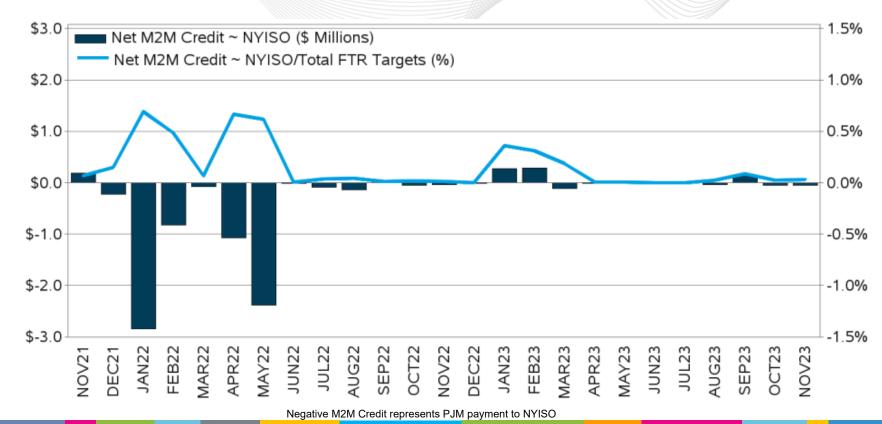


Negative M2M Credit represents PJM payment to MISO



\$ Millions

PJM-NYISO Market-to-Market Coordination Settlement



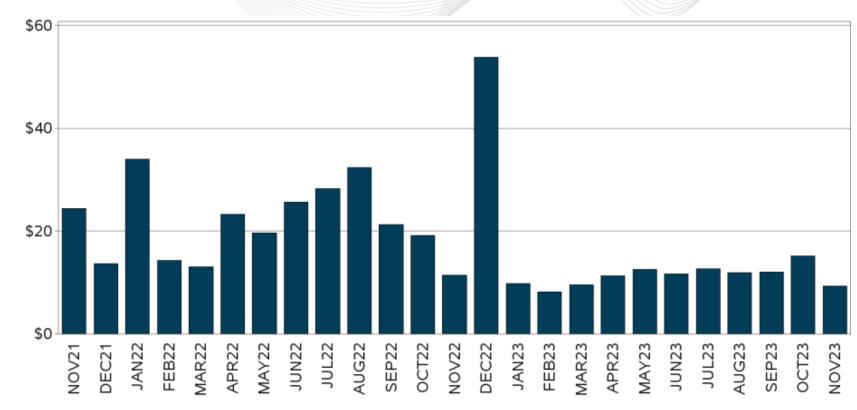


Ancillary Service MarketSummary





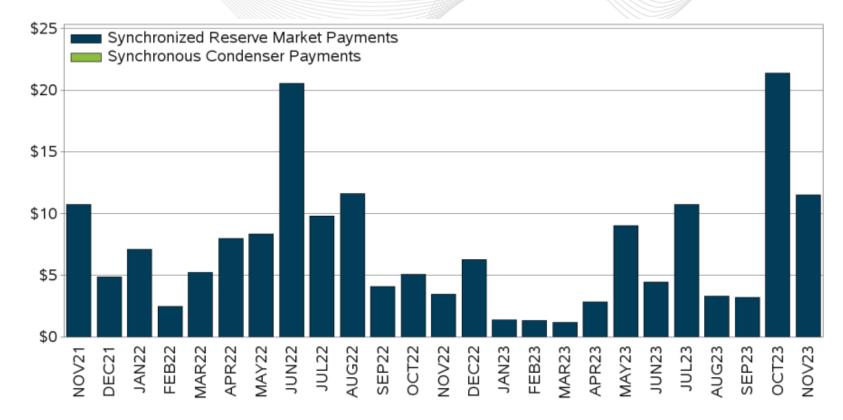




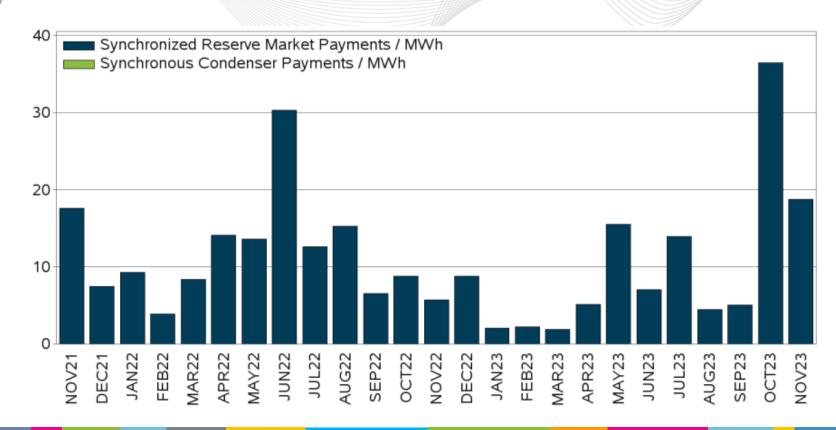


Synchronized Reserve and Synchronous Condenser Costs



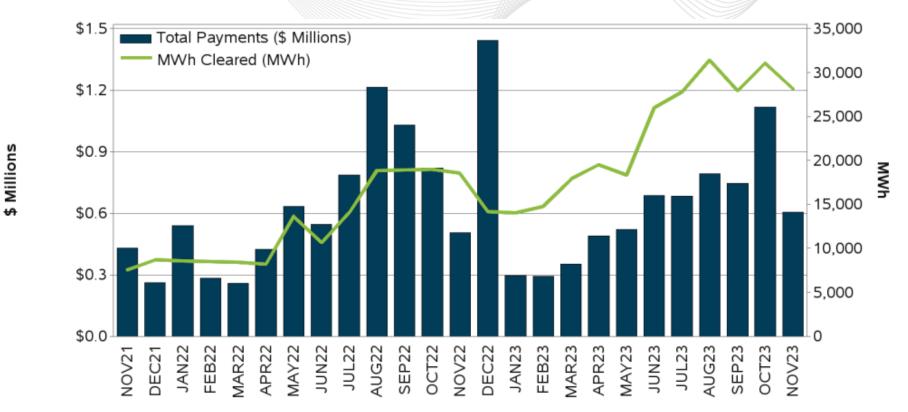


Cents/MWh





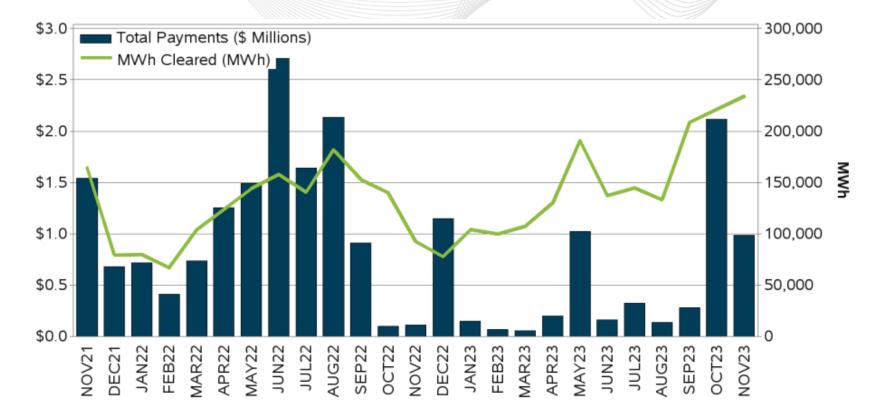
DR Participation in PJM Regulation Markets





DR Participation in PJM Synchronized Reserve Markets

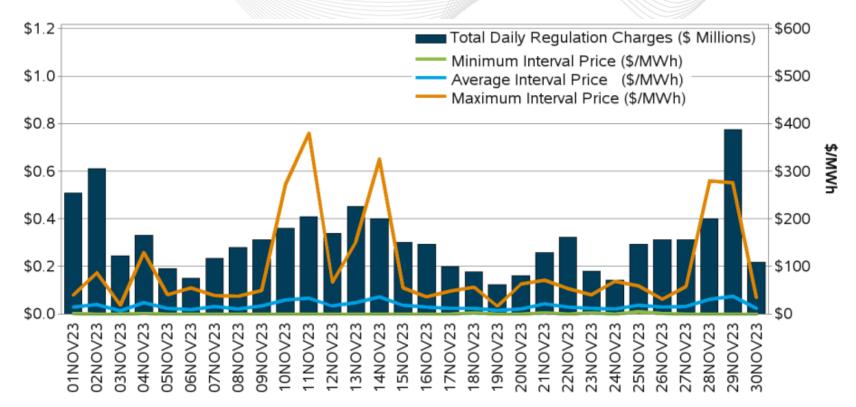






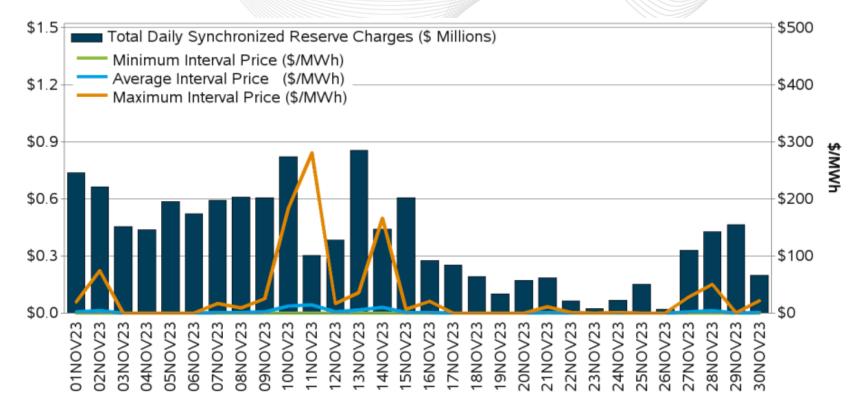
Regulation Market Daily Prices and Charges







Synchronized Reserve Market Daily Prices and Charges



\$ Millions



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