

1.11 Real-time Dispatch.

The Office of the Interconnection shall determine the least cost security constrained economic dispatch and send dispatch targets for each resource to Market Participants. The least cost security constrained economic dispatch is the least costly means of serving load and meeting reserve requirements at different locations in the PJM Region based on forecasted operating conditions on the power grid (including transmission constraints on external coordinated flowgates to the extent provided by Tariff, Attachment K-Appendix, section 1.7.6) as described in the PJM Manuals and on the offers for energy and ancillary services at which Market Sellers have entered as described by Tariff, Attachment K-Appendix, section 1.10 and Tariff, Attachment K-Appendix, section 2.4 and on offers by Economic Load Response Participants to reduce demand that qualify to set Locational Marginal Prices in the PJM Interchange Energy Market.

(a) To determine actual operating conditions on the power grid in the PJM Region (including transmission constraints on external coordinated flowgates to the extent provided by Tariff, Attachment K-Appendix, section 1.7.6), the Office of the Interconnection shall use a computer model of the interconnected grid that uses available metered inputs regarding generator output, loads, and power flows to model remaining flows and conditions, producing a consistent representation of power flows on the network as an input into the real-time security constrained economic dispatch. The computer model employed for this purpose, referred to as the State Estimator program, is a standard industry tool and is described in section 1.11A below. The State Estimator solution used by the real-time security constrained economic dispatch will be used to obtain information regarding the output of generation supplying energy to the PJM Region, loads at buses in the PJM Region, transmission losses, and power flows on binding transmission constraints.

(b) The Office of the Interconnection shall execute real-time security constrained economic dispatch for each five (5) minute target time, unless the Office of the Interconnection is unable to generate real-time security constrained economic dispatch solutions due to operational or technical issues, including but not limited to those described in the PJM Manuals. Each execution of the real-time security constrained economic dispatch shall result in several solutions, taking into consideration different operational scenarios.

(c) The Office of the Interconnection shall approve the applicable real-time security constrained economic dispatch solution for each five (5) minute target time, unless the Office of the Interconnection is unable to approve a real-time security constrained economic dispatch solution for the applicable target time due to a failure of the real-time security constrained economic dispatch program or other operational reasons. In such situations, either the most recently approved real-time security constrained economic dispatch solution shall persist, or the Office of the Interconnection shall manually dispatch the system.

1.11A Determination of System Conditions Using the State Estimator.

Power system operations, including, but not limited to, the determination of the least costly means of serving load and meeting reserve requirements, depend upon the availability of a complete and consistent representation of generator outputs, loads, and power flows on the network. In

performing the security constrained economic dispatch of the system, the Office of the Interconnection shall obtain a complete and consistent description of conditions on the electric network in the PJM Region by using the most recent power flow solution produced by the State Estimator program. The State Estimator program is also used by the Office of the Interconnection for other functions within power system operations. The State Estimator is a standard industry tool that produces a power flow model based on available real-time metering information, information regarding the current status of lines, generators, transformers, and other equipment, bus load distribution factors, and a representation of the electric network, to provide a complete description of system conditions, including conditions at buses for which real-time information is unavailable. The Office of the Interconnection shall obtain the latest State Estimator solution each time a new security constrained economic dispatch is executed, which shall provide the megawatt output of generators and the loads at buses in the PJM Region, transmission line losses, and actual flows or loadings on transmission facilities as defined in the PJM Manuals.

1.11.1 Resource Output.

The Office of the Interconnection shall have the authority to direct any Market Seller to adjust the output of any pool-scheduled or self-scheduled resource increment within the operating characteristics specified in the Market Seller's offer. The Office of the Interconnection may cancel its selection of, or otherwise release, pool-scheduled resources, subject to an obligation to pay any applicable start-up, no-load or cancellation fees. The Office of the Interconnection shall adjust the output of pool-scheduled or self-scheduled resource increments as necessary: (a) to maintain reliability, and subject to that constraint, to minimize the cost of supplying the energy, reserves, and other services required by the Market Buyers and the operation of the PJM Region; (b) to balance load and generation, maintain scheduled tie flows, and provide frequency support within the PJM Region; and (c) to minimize unscheduled interchange not frequency related between the PJM Region and other Control Areas.

1.11.2 Operating Basis.

In carrying out the foregoing objectives, the Office of the Interconnection shall conduct the operation of the PJM Region in accordance with the PJM Manuals, and shall: (i) utilize available generating reserves and obtain required replacements; and (ii) monitor the availability of adequate reserves.

1.11.3 Pool-dispatched Resources.

As part of the real-time security constrained economic dispatch calculation, the Office of the Interconnection shall use submitted ramp rates to calculate the next dispatch point.

As part of the calculation, the Office of the Interconnection shall estimate the initial state of each generation resource based on its previous dispatch signal and the most recent State Estimator output. In the event the Office of the Interconnection is unable to approve a real-time security constrained economic dispatch solution for a period of time, due to a failure of the real-time security constrained economic dispatch program or other operational reasons, the most recent State

Estimator shall be used as the initial state. This evaluation methodology is calculated for all online dispatchable resources for each market solution in accordance with the PJM Manuals.

(a) The Office of the Interconnection shall implement the dispatch of energy from pool-scheduled resources with limited energy by direct request, by following the Day-ahead Market clearing, or by following the direct request of the Market Seller, subject to the Office of the Interconnection's determination of actions necessary to maintain reliability.

(b) The Office of the Interconnection shall implement the dispatch of energy from other pool-dispatched resource increments, including generation increments from Capacity Resources the remaining increments of which are self-scheduled, by sending appropriate signals and instructions to the entity controlling such resources, in accordance with the PJM Manuals. Each Market Seller shall ensure that the pool-dispatched resource offered or made available by that Market Seller complies with the energy dispatch signals and instructions transmitted by the Office of the Interconnection upon receipt.

1.11.3A Maximum Generation Emergency.

If the Office of the Interconnection declares a Maximum Generation Emergency, all deliveries to load that is served by Point-to-Point Transmission Service outside the PJM Region from Generation Capacity Resources committed to service of PJM loads under the Reliability Pricing Model or Fixed Resource Requirement Alternative may be interrupted in order to serve load in the PJM Region.

1.11.4 Regulation.

(a) A Market Buyer may satisfy its Regulation Obligation from its own generation resources and/or Demand Resources capable of performing Regulation service, by contractual arrangements with other Market Participants able to provide Regulation service, or by purchases from the PJM Interchange Energy Market at the rates set forth in Section 3.2.2. PJMSettlement shall be the Counterparty to the purchases and sales of Regulation service in the PJM Interchange Energy Market; provided that PJMSettlement shall not be a contracting party to bilateral transactions between Market Participants or with respect to a self-schedule or self-supply of generation resources by a Market Buyer to satisfy its Regulation Obligation.

(b) The Office of the Interconnection shall obtain Regulation service from the least-cost alternatives available from either pool-scheduled or self-scheduled generation resources and/or Demand Resources as needed to meet Regulation Zone requirements not otherwise satisfied by the Market Buyers. Generation resources or Demand Resources offering to sell Regulation shall be selected to provide Regulation on the basis of each generation resource's and Demand Resource's regulation offer and the estimated opportunity cost of a resource providing regulation and in accordance with the Office of the Interconnection's obligation to minimize the total cost of energy, Operating Reserves, Regulation, and other ancillary services. Estimated opportunity costs for generation resources shall be determined by the Office of the Interconnection on the basis of the expected value of the energy sales that would be foregone or uneconomic energy that would

be produced by the resource in order to provide Regulation, in accordance with procedures specified in the PJM Manuals. Estimated opportunity costs for Demand Resources will be zero.

(c) The Office of the Interconnection shall dispatch resources for Regulation by sending Regulation signals and instructions to generation resources and/or Demand Resources from which Regulation service has been offered by Market Sellers, in accordance with the PJM Manuals. Market Sellers shall comply with Regulation dispatch signals and instructions transmitted by the Office of the Interconnection and, in the event of conflict, Regulation dispatch signals and instructions shall take precedence over energy dispatch signals and instructions. Market Sellers shall exert all reasonable efforts to operate, or ensure the operation of, their resources supplying load in the PJM Region as close to desired output levels as practical, consistent with Good Utility Practice.

1.11.4A Synchronized Reserve.

(a) A Market Buyer may satisfy its Synchronized Reserve Obligation from its own generation resources and/or Demand Resources capable of providing Synchronized Reserve, by contractual arrangements with other Market Participants able to provide Synchronized Reserve, or by purchases from the PJM Synchronized Reserve Market at the rates set forth in Section 3.2.3A. PJMSettlement shall be the Counterparty to the purchases and sales of Synchronized Reserve in the PJM Interchange Energy Market; provided that PJMSettlement shall not be a contracting party to bilateral transactions between Market Participants or with respect to a self-schedule or self-supply of generation resources by a Market Buyer to satisfy its Synchronized Reserve Obligation.

(b) The Office of the Interconnection shall obtain Synchronized Reserve from the least-cost alternatives available from either pool-scheduled or self-scheduled generation resources and/or Demand Resources as needed to meet the Synchronized Reserve requirements of each Reserve Zone and Reserve Sub-zone of the PJM Region not otherwise satisfied by the Market Buyers. Resources offering to sell Synchronized Reserve shall be selected to provide Synchronized Reserve on the basis of each generation resource's and/or Demand Resource's Synchronized Reserve offer and the estimated unit specific opportunity cost of the resource providing Synchronized Reserve, and in accordance with the Office of the Interconnection's obligation to minimize the total cost of energy, Operating Reserves, Synchronized Reserve and other ancillary services. Estimated unit specific opportunity costs for generation resources shall be equal to the sum of (i) the product of (A) the megawatts of energy used by the generation resource to provide Synchronized Reserve as submitted as part of the generation resource's Synchronized Reserve offer times (B) the Locational Marginal Price at the generation bus of the generation resource, and (ii) the product of (A) the deviation of the generation resource's output necessary to follow the Office of the Interconnection's signals and instructions from the generation resource's expected output level if it had been dispatched in economic merit order, times (B) the difference between the Locational Marginal Price at the generation bus for the generation resource and the offer price for energy from the generation resource (at the megawatt level of the Synchronized Reserve set point for the resource) in the PJM Interchange Energy Market. Opportunity costs for Demand Resources will be zero.

(c) Synchronized Reserve Events will be initiated by the Office of the Interconnection by approving the latest solved intelligent reserve deployment (IRD) case in the real-time security constrained economic dispatch application. When initiating a Synchronized Reserve Event, the Office of the Interconnection shall dispatch generation resources and/or direct the deployment of Demand Resources for Synchronized Reserve by transmitting Synchronized Reserve instructions to generation resources and Demand Resources through approval of the latest available IRD case solution in the real-time security constrained economic dispatch application, by sending Synchronized Reserve instructions to generation resources and/or Demand Resources from which Synchronized Reserve has been offered by Market Sellers, in accordance with the PJM Manuals. Market Sellers shall comply with Synchronized Reserve dispatch instructions transmitted by the Office of the Interconnection, and, in the event of a conflict, Synchronized Reserve dispatch instructions shall take precedence over energy dispatch signals and instructions. Market Sellers shall exert all reasonable efforts to operate, or ensure the operation of, their generation resources supplying load in the PJM Region as close to desired output levels as practical, consistent with Good Utility Practice. In the event the IRD case is not available (as described in Tariff, Attachment K--Appendix, Sections 1.11 (b) and (c)), manual Synchronized Reserve deployment will be utilized, in accordance with PJM Manuals.

1.11.4B Non-Synchronized Reserve.

(a) A Market Buyer may satisfy its Non-Synchronized Reserve Obligation from its own generation resources capable of providing Non-Synchronized Reserve, by contractual arrangements with other Market Participants able to provide Non-Synchronized Reserve, or by purchases from the PJM Non-Synchronized Reserve Market at the rates set forth in Section 3.2.3A.001. PJMSettlement shall be the Counterparty to the purchases and sales of Non-Synchronized Reserve in the PJM Interchange Energy Market; provided that PJMSettlement shall not be a contracting party to bilateral transactions between Market Participants or with respect to a self-supply of generation resources by a Market Buyer to satisfy its Non-Synchronized Reserve Obligation.

(b) The Office of the Interconnection shall obtain Non-Synchronized Reserve from the least-cost alternatives available from either pool-scheduled generation resources, as needed to ensure the Primary Reserve requirement of each Reserve Zone and Reserve Sub-zone of the PJM Region not otherwise satisfied by the Market Buyers. Resources eligible to sell Non-Synchronized Reserve shall be selected to provide Non-Synchronized Reserve on the basis of each generation resource's estimated unit-specific opportunity cost of the resource providing Non-Synchronized Reserve, and in accordance with the Office of the Interconnection's obligation to minimize the total cost of energy, Operating Reserves, Synchronized Reserve and other ancillary services. Estimated unit-specific opportunity costs for generation resources not providing energy because they are providing Non-Synchronized Reserve shall be equal to the product of (A) the deviation of the generation resource's output necessary to follow the Office of the Interconnection's signals and instructions from the generation resource's expected output level if it had been dispatched in economic merit order, times (B) the Locational Marginal Price at the generation bus for the generation resource, minus (C) the applicable offer for energy from the generation resource in the PJM Interchange Energy Market.

(c) The Office of the Interconnection shall dispatch generation resources for Non-Synchronized Reserve by sending Non-Synchronized Reserve instructions to generation resources from which Non-Synchronized Reserve is available, in accordance with the PJM Manuals. Market Sellers shall comply with Non-Synchronized Reserve dispatch instructions transmitted by the Office of the Interconnection, and in the event of a conflict, Non-Synchronized Reserve dispatch instructions shall take precedence over energy dispatch signals and instructions. Market Sellers shall exert all reasonable efforts to operate, or ensure the operation of, their generation resources supplying load in the PJM Region as close to desired output levels as practical, consistent with Good Utility Practice.

1.11.5 PJM Open Access Same-time Information System.

The Office of the Interconnection shall update the information posted on the PJM Open Access Same-time Information System to reflect its dispatch of generation resources.