

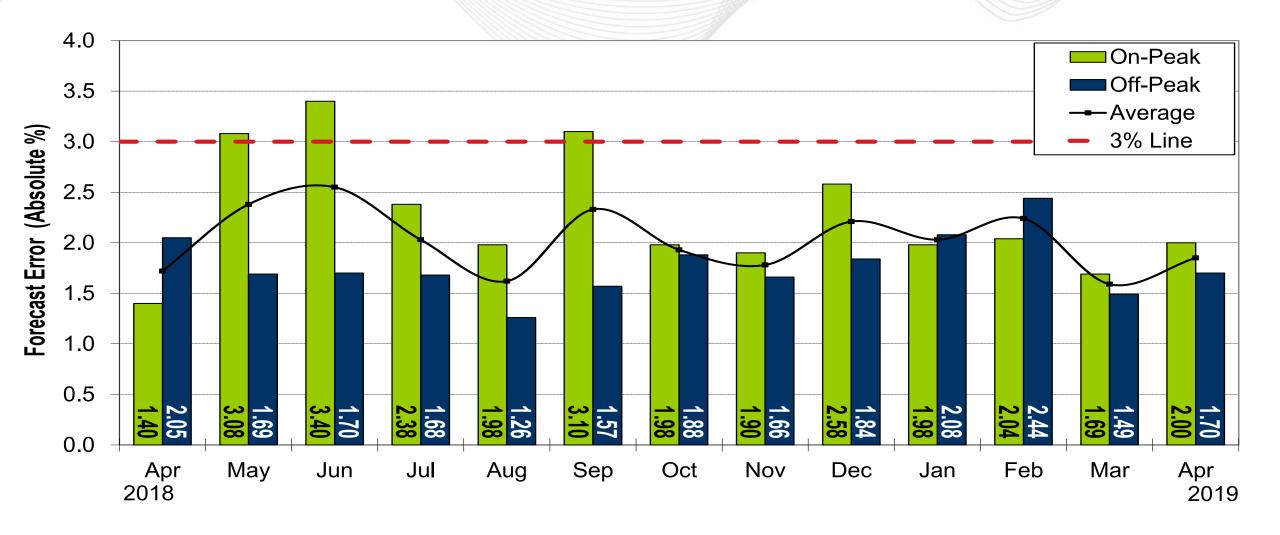
System Operations Report

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Senior Director, System Operations
Members Committee
May 7, 2019

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Load Forecasting Error (Achieved 80% of the Time)

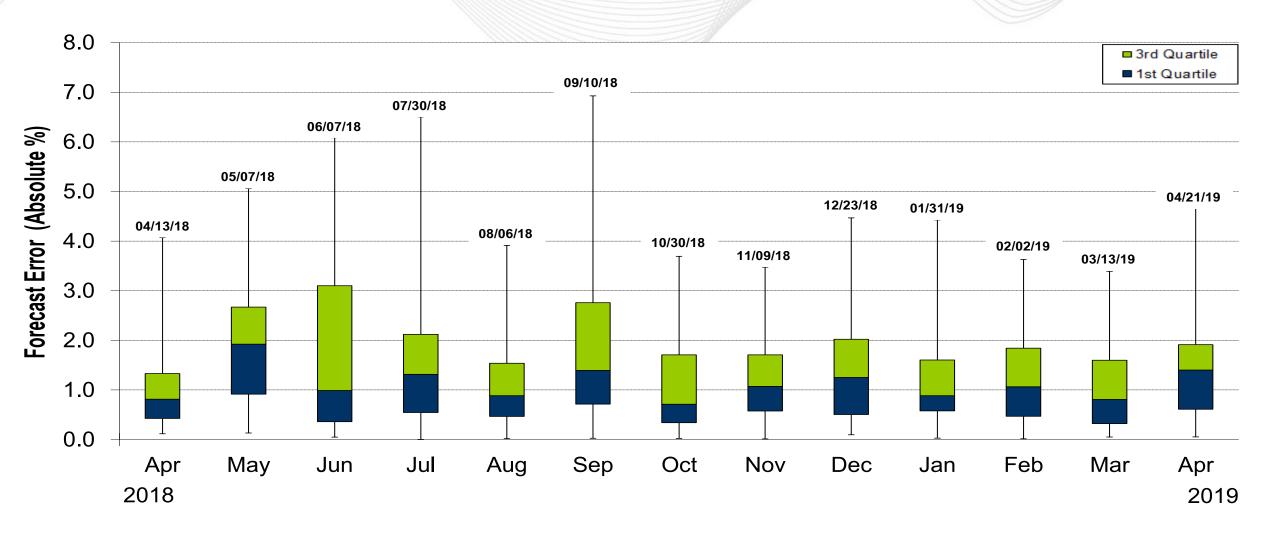




Average RTO load forecast error performance for April was 1.85%, within the goal of 3%.



Peak Load Forecasting Error Outlier Days





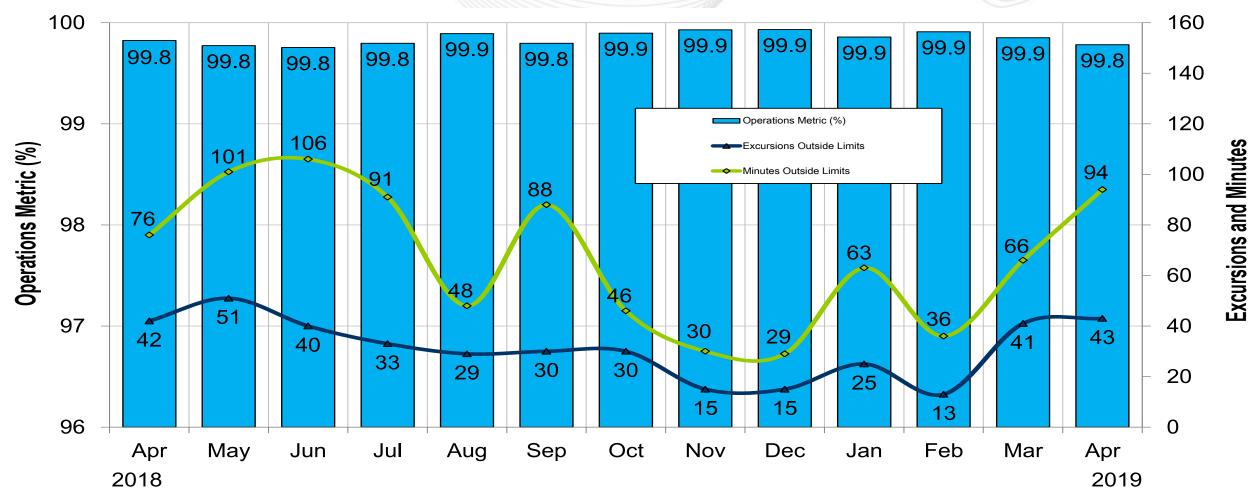
Peak Load Average Forecast Error by Zone

Quarter	RTO	MIDATL	AP	CE	AEP	DAY	DUQ	DOM	ATSI	DEOK	EKPC
2 017 Q1	1.0%	1.6%	2.1%	1.6%	1.8%	2.1%	1.6%	2.2%	1.4%	2.0%	3.7%
2 017 Q2	1.3%	1.8%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	4.4%	2.7%	2.5%	2.0%	4.8%	3.6%
2 017 Q3	1.9%	2.8%	2.7%	3.0%	2.2%	3.0%	3.0%	2.4%	2.8%	3.6%	3.5%
2 017 Q4	1.1%	1.5%	2.2%	1.6%	2.4%	2.5%	2.4%	2.3%	2.1%	2.3%	3.5%
2 018 Q1	1.3%	2.1%	2.0%	1.5%	2.1%	1.9%	1.5%	2.8%	1.3%	2.3%	3.5%
2 018 Q2	1.5%	2.4%	2.3%	2.9%	2.5%	3.0%	2.9%	2.5%	2.3%	3.4%	3.7%
2 018 Q3	1.6%	2.5%	2.6%	3.5%	2.1%	3.2%	3.4%	2.4%	2.8%	3.2%	3.7%
■ 2018 Q4	1.3%	1.5%	2.3%	1.7%	2.1%	2.3%	2.0%	2.2%	1.5%	2.0%	3.3%
2 019 Q1	1.2%	1.6%	2.5%	1.8%	1.9%	1.6%	1.7%	2.2%	1.5%	1.7%	3.8%
2 019 Q2	1.4%	1.5%	2.0%	1.9%	1.8%	2.1%	2.0%	2.1%	2.0%	1.8%	2.3%

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Monthly BAAL Performance Score



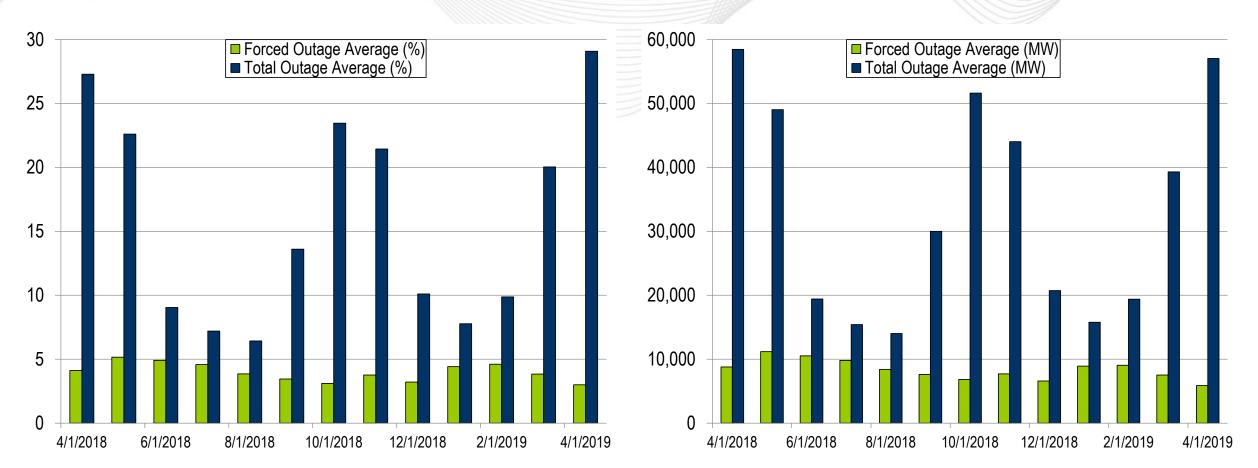
PJM's BAAL performance has exceeded the goal of 99% for each month in 2019.



- Zero spinning events in the month of April
- One reserve sharing event with the Northeast Power Coordinating Council (NPCC)
- One reserve sharing event with the Virginia-Carolinas (VACAR)
- The following Emergency Procedures occurred in April:
 - 3 Post-Contingency Local Load Relief Warnings (PCLLRW)
 - 7 High System Voltages



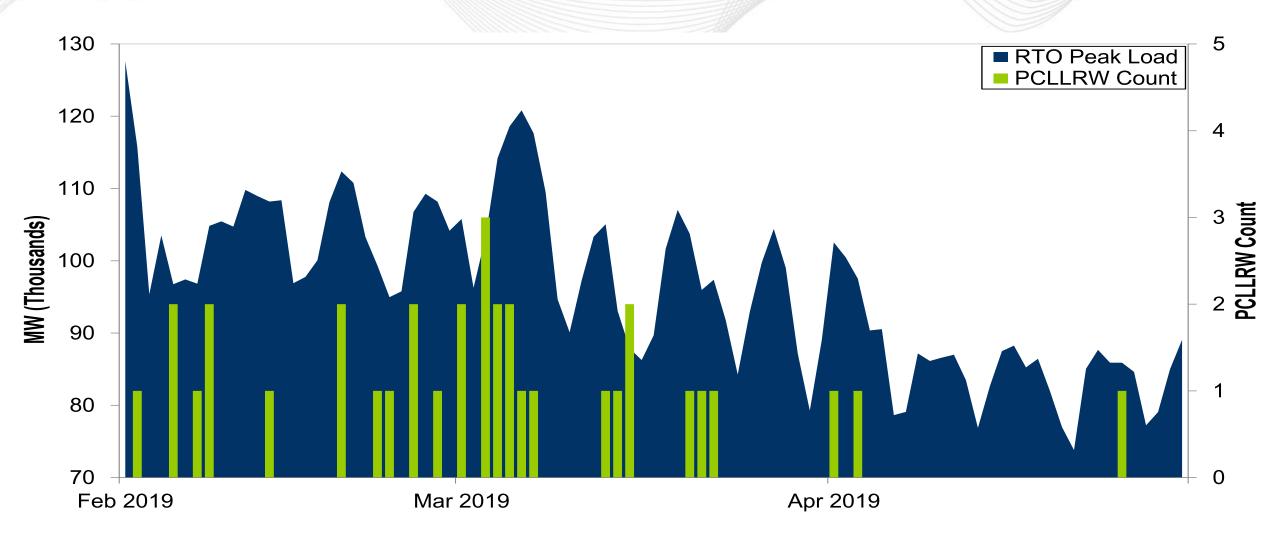
RTO Generation Outage Rate - Monthly



The 13-month average forced outage rate is 4.00% or 8,369 MW. The 13-month average total outage rate is 16.01% or 33,452 MW.



PCLLRW Count Vs. Peak Load – 3 Months



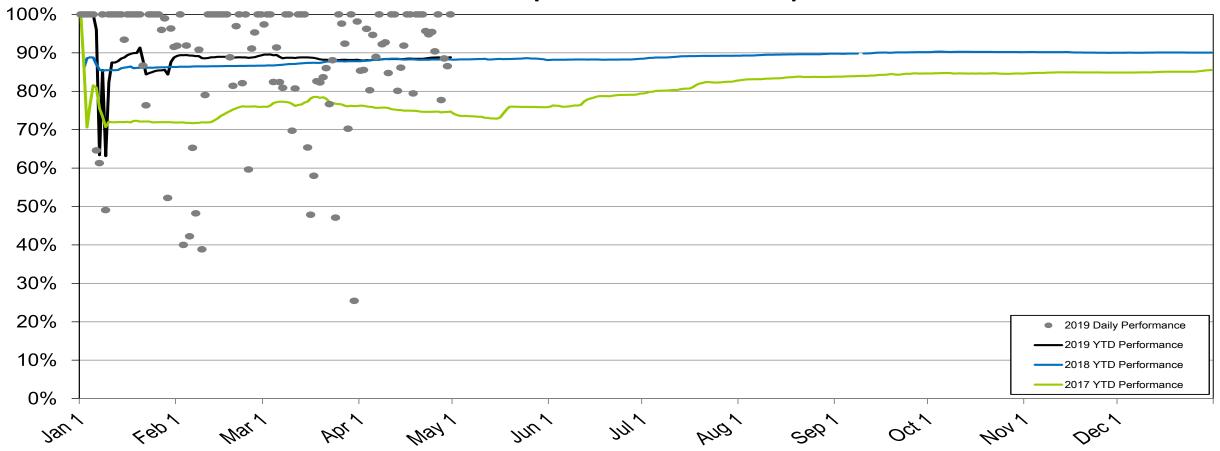


PJM experienced no spinning events during the month of April 2019.

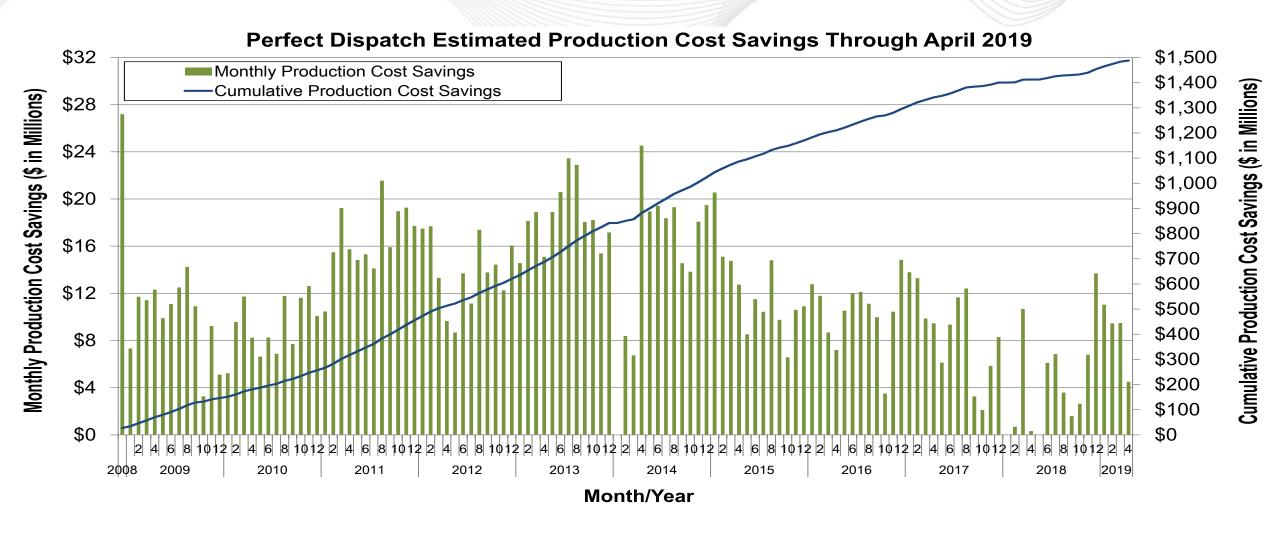


Perfect Dispatch – Performance

2019 Perfect Dispatch Performance - April 2019



Perfect Dispatch – Performance





The year-to-date Perfect Dispatch performance score through April 2019 is 88.85%.

The estimated cumulative production cost savings through April 2019 is over \$1.4 billion with over \$34 million in savings in 2019.

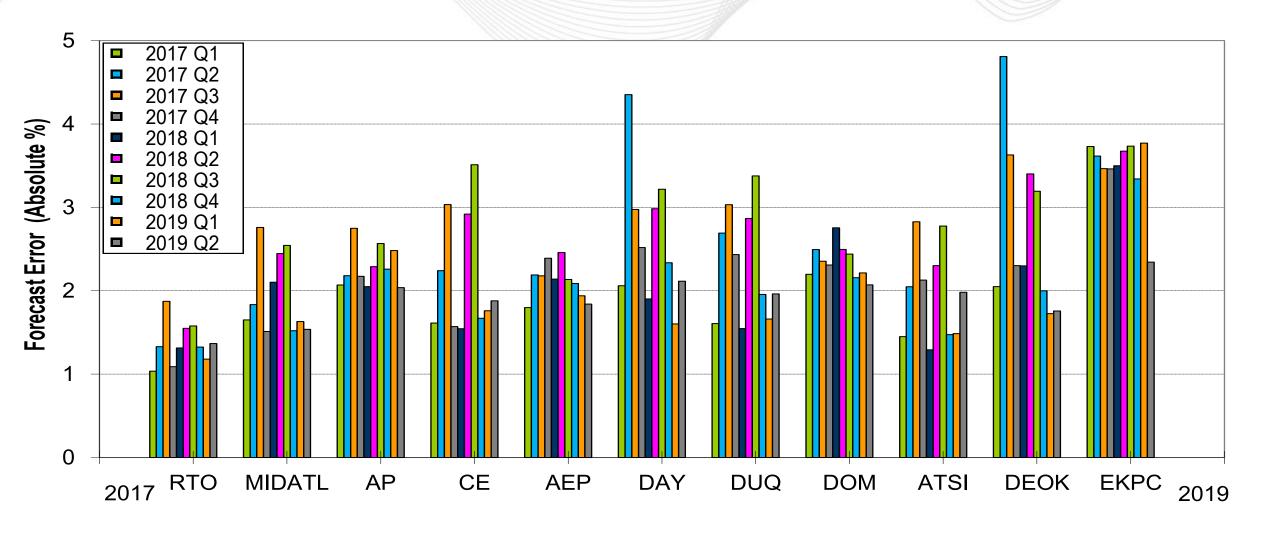


Appendix

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Peak Load Average Forecast Error by Zone





Balancing Authority ACE Limit - Performance Measure

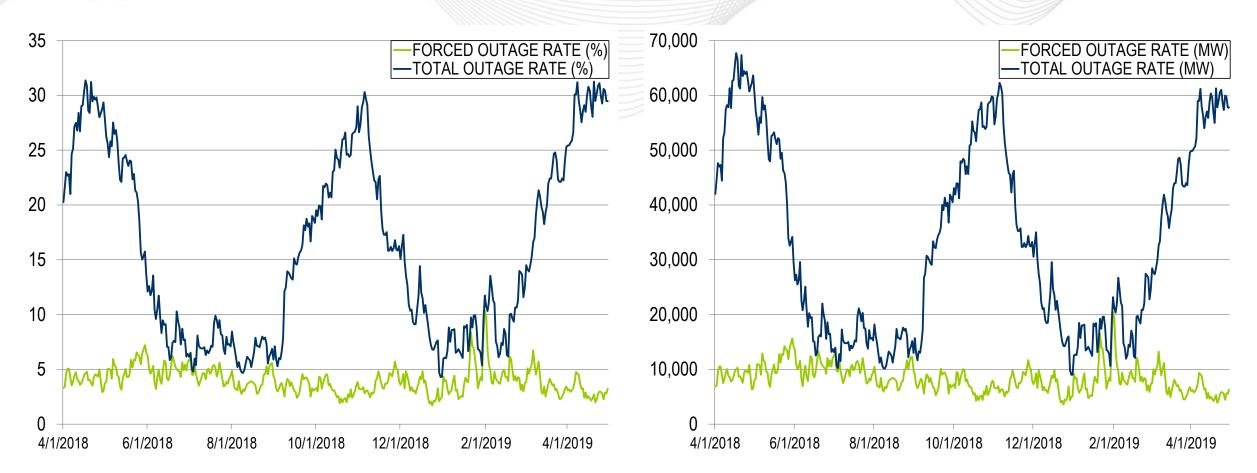
Goal Measurement: Balancing Authority ACE Limit (BAAL)

- The purpose of the new BAAL standard is to maintain interconnection frequency within a predefined frequency profile under all conditions (normal and abnormal), to prevent frequency-related instability, unplanned tripping of load or generation, or uncontrolled separation or cascading outages that adversely impact the reliability of the interconnection. NERC requires each balancing authority demonstrate real-time monitoring of ACE and interconnection frequency against associated limits and shall balance its resources and demands in real time so that its ACE does not exceed the BAAL (BAALLOW or BAALHIGH) for a continuous time period greater than 30 minutes for each event.
- PJM directly measures the total number of BAAL excursions in minutes compared to the total number of minutes within a month. PJM has set a target value for this performance goal at 99% on a daily and monthly basis. In addition, current NERC rules limit the recovery period to no more than 30 minutes for a single event.

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RTO Generation Outage Rate - Daily



The 13-month average forced outage rate is 4.00% or 8,369 MW. The 13-month average total outage rate is 16.01% or 33,452 MW.



Perfect Dispatch – Performance Measure

Perfect Dispatch refers to the hypothetical least production cost commitment and Dispatch, achievable only if all system conditions (load forecast, unit availability / performance, interchange, transmission outages, etc.) were known and controllable in advance. While being hypothetical and not achievable in reality, this is useful as a baseline for performance measurement.

The Perfect Dispatch performance goal is designed to measure how well PJM commits combustion turbines (CTs) in real time operations compared to a calculated optimal CT commitment profile.

The Perfect Dispatch performance measure is calculated as 100% x (The accumulative year-to-date optimal CT production cost in Perfect Dispatch / The accumulative year-to-date actual real-time CT production cost).

The Perfect Dispatch performance goal was removed as a goal beginning in 2015. Currently Perfect Dispatch does not have a performance goal, but the metric will continue to be tracked.

The cumulative Estimated Production Cost Savings helps to demonstrate the savings that result from PJM's process changes since the inception of the Perfect Dispatch analysis in 2008. This estimate is determined by comparing the Perfect Dispatch performance for all resources to benchmarks set at the beginning of the Perfect Dispatch analysis. A benchmark of 98.18% is used for comparison of the 2019 metric which is 99.11% through the end of April.