

MSS Settlement C Package Proposal

Direct Energy PHI



- Impacted LSE consent no longer required
- PJM and EDC notify all LSEs in impacted zone
 - PJM and EDC notify all zonal LSEs of Settlement C initiation
 - PJM coordinates with zonal EDC and LSEs on timing, bills impacted, etc.
- Only affected zone resettled
- Retain 2 year window



- Reporting of all Settlement C instances through MSS/MRC/MC
 - Include nature of issue leading to resettlement, dollar amount, number of impacted LSEs, LSE, EDC, others?
 - Establish metrics to trigger additional review (specific number of Settlement Cs in an EDC zone?)
 - Any additional review conducted through MSS PJM and relevant EDC/LSE



Settlement C Package - Areas for Discussion

- Include all RLR & WLR InSchedule changes in the zone after Settlement B?
- Allow LSE validation of RLR/WLR by providing for regular Settlement C (by zone)?



- Two Distinct Settlement Processes Occurring Retail and Wholesale
- Retail level rebilling will occur for specific customer(s) regardless of whether wholesale resettlement occurs
- Without wholesale resettlement imbalance/cross-subsidy is created

RTO reconciliation settlements ensure that LSE wholesale costs align with revenues billed through the retail market



- Retail Billing Conducted based on EDI transactions between EDC and LSE
- Wholesale Billing Conducted based on RLR transactions between RTO and LSE utilizing RLR schedules submitted by EDC to RTO



LSE 1 RLR → 3 KWH

Customer 1 → 1 KWH

Customer 2 → 2 KWH

RTO Bills LSE 1 3 KWH x LMP

LSE Bills Customers

Customer 1 - 1 KWH x Rate Customer 2 - 2 KWH x Rate 3 KWH LSE 2 RLR → 5 KWH

Customer 3 → 1 KWH

Customer 4 → 4 KWH

RTO Bills LSE 2 5 KWH x LMP

LSE Bills Customers

Customer 1 - 1 KWH x Rate Customer 2 - 4 KWH x Rate 5 KWH



LSE Customer Billing



LSE 1 RLR → 3 KWH LSE 2 RLR → 5 KWH

Customer 1 → 1 KWH

Customer 3 → 1 KWH

Customer 2 → 2 KWH

Customer 4 → 4 KWH

RTO Bills LSE 1

3 KWH x LMP

RTO Bills LSE 2 5 KWH x LMP

LSE Bills Customers

Customer 1 - 1 KWH x Rate

Customer 2 - 2 KWH x Rate

3 KWH

LSE Bills Customers

Customer 1 - 1 KWH x Rate

Customer 2 - 4 KWH x Rate



- EDC reads customer meters
- Bill Ready/Dual Bill Market
 - Read sent to LSE via EDI Transaction
 - LSE calculates customer bill
 - Provides data to EDC/Sends bill
- Rate Ready Market EDC bills customer based on LSE submitted rate



RTO LSE Billing



LSE 1 RLR → 3 KWH LSE 2 RLR → 5 KWH

Customer 1 → 1 KWH

Customer 3 → 1 KWH

Customer 2 → 2 KWH

Customer 4 → 4 KWH

RTO Bills LSE 1

3 KWH x LMP

RTO Bills LSE 2

5 KWH x LMP

LSE Bills Customers

Customer 1 - 1 KWH x Rate

Customer 2 - 2 KWH x Rate

3 KWH

LSE Bills Customers

Customer 1 - 1 KWH x Rate

Customer 2 - 4 KWH x Rate



- EDC develops LSE RLR schedules based on aggregated meter reads and PJM requirement that sum of aggregated meter reads tie to PJM pMTR Load with Losses
- EDC provides LSE RLR schedules to RTO
- RTO bills LSE based on RLR schedule



Issues Causing Reconciliation and Impacts



- Specific issues that can result in incorrect RLRs:
 - Customer incorrectly assigned to LSE can occur even with AMI because EDI/legacy systems still utilized for customer registrations, timing of registration processing
 - Meter programming protocol errors (in the field or within systems)
 - Calculation error systems, spreadsheets, human error
 - Enrollment errors
 - Estimation errors due to:
 - Accessibility issues
 - Meter failure
 - Multiple read cycles (i.e., more than twice)



LSE 1 RLR → 34 KWH LSE 2 RLR → 54 KWH

Customer 1 → 1 KWH

Customer 3 → 1 KWH

Customer 2 → 2 KWH

Customer 4 → 4 KWH

RTO Bills LSE 1

34 KWH x LMP

RTO Bills LSE 2 54 KWH x LMP

LSE Bills Customers

Customer 1 - 1 KWH x Rate

Customer 2 - 2 KWH x Rate

3 KWH

LSE Bills Customers

Customer 1 - 1 KWH x Rate

Customer 2 - 4 KWH x Rate



- LSE's Retail Customer Billing
 - No impact
- RTO LSE Settlement
 - LSEs billed based on improper volume by RTO

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- LSE Customer Billing
 - None
- RTO LSE Settlement
 - Both LSEs billed based on proper RLR volumes

Reconciliation sets proper supply volume/cost for both LSEs





Customer 1's meter isn't read

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LSE 1 RLR → 23 KWH LSE 2 RLR → 65 KWH

Customer 1 → 04 KWH

Customer 3 → 1 KWH

Customer 2 → 2 KWH

Customer 4 → 4 KWH

RTO Bills LSE 1

23 KWH x LMP

RTO Bills LSE 2 65 KWH x LMP

LSE Bills Customers

Customer 1 - 04 KWH x Rate

Customer 2 - 2 KWH x Rate

23 KWH

LSE Bills Customers

Customer 1 - 1 KWH x Rate

Customer 2 - 4 KWH x Rate



- LSE Customer Billing
 - LSE 1 (EDC in rate ready) bills Customer 1 based on improper
 EDI meter data
- RTO LSE Settlement
 - Both LSEs billed based on improper volume by RTO

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- LSE Customer Billing Reconciliation
 - LSE 1/EDC rebills Customer 1 based on EDI meter value correction
- RTO LSE Settlement
 - Both LSEs billed based on proper RLR volumes

Reconciliation ensures RTO settlement/LSE cost aligns with LSE Customer Billing Reconciliation