

## **NIPSCO PROPOSAL FOR JOA CHANGES CAUSED BY TRIGGERING EVENTS**

### **Criteria for Project Designation as a Cross-Border Triggering Event Project (CBTEP):**

Projects that meet all of the following criteria will be designated as CBTEPs:

- (1) New system constraint due to
  - a) new generation interconnection, or
  - b) retiring generation, or
  - c) permanent topology changes
- (2) Project cost must be a minimum of \$1,000,000;
- (3) Using the Coordinated System Plan power flow model, the contribution of the cross-border RTO to loading on the constrained facility giving rise to the CBTEP must be at least three percent (3%) of the total loading on the constrained facility; and
- (4) CBTEP must have an in-service date after December 31, 2012.

The Cross-Border Grandfathered Projects document contains a list of projects that will be excluded from designation as a CBBRP notwithstanding the in-service date.

#### **a. Allocation Method for Constraints due to Generation Interconnection – (Existing language)**

#### **b. Allocation Method for Constraints due to Generation Retirements:**

The Coordinated System Plan shall designate the share of the Project Cost to be allocated to each RTO for a generation retirement or group of generation retirements in one RTO causing an overload based on single worst contingency in the other RTO based on the following:

1. If constrained facility(ies) was (were) loaded at 97% or below prior to generation retirement – RTO with retiring generation is allocated 100% of the Project Cost
2. If constrained facility(ies) was (were) loaded at a level greater than 97% prior to generation retirement – RTO with the retiring generation is allocated first 50% of Project Cost. The remaining 50% is allocated based on each RTO's percent flow (%) of the total MISO and PJM flow on the constrained facility.

#### **c. Allocation Method for Constraints due to Permanent Topology Changes**

The Coordinated System Plan shall designate the share of the Project Cost to be allocated to each RTO for a permanent topology change in one RTO causing an overload based on single worst contingency in the other RTO based on the following:

1. If constrained facility(ies) was (were) loaded at 97% or below prior to the permanent topology change – RTO with permanent topology change is allocated 100% of the Project Cost
2. If constrained facility(ies) was (were) loaded at a level greater than 97% prior to the permanent topology change – RTO with permanent topology change is allocated first 50% of Project Cost. The remaining 50% is allocated based on each RTO's percent flow (%) of the total MISO and PJM flow on the constrained facility.