

2020 Reserve Requirement Study (RRS) Preliminary Assessment Results

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IRM - Installed Reserve Margin

RRS - Reliability Requirement Study

EFORd – Effective Forced Outage Rate on Demand

DY – Delivery Year

BRA – Base Residual Auction

FPR – Forecast Pool Requirement (IRM converted to units of unforced capacity for use in the RPM auctions)

CBOT – Capacity Benefit of Ties (reduction in IRM due to external capacity assistance)

2020 Reserve Requirement Study

- Study results will re-set the IRM and FPR for 2021/22, 2022/23, 2023/24 and establish initial IRM and FPR for 2024/25.
 - The Study results will be used in the 2022/23, 2023/24 and 2024/25 BRAs
- Capacity model based on GADS data from 2015-2019 time period for all weeks of the year except the winter peak week.
 - For the winter peak week, the capacity model is created using historical actual RTOaggregate outage data from time period DY 2007/08 – DY 2019/20.
- PJM and World load models based on 2002-2014 time period and 2020
 PJM Load Forecast (released in January).
- Study assumptions were endorsed at June, 2020 PC meeting.
- Load Model selection was endorsed at July, 2020 PC meeting.

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2020 RRS Results vs 2019 RRS Results

2020 RRS Study results:

RRS Year	Delivery Year Period	Calculated IRM	Recommended IRM	Average EFORd	Recommended FPR*
2020	2021 / 2022	14.73%	14.7%	5.22%	1.0871
2020	2022 / 2023	14.51%	14.5%	5.08%	1.0868
2020	2023 / 2024	14.42%	14.4%	5.04%	1.0863
2020	2024 / 2025	14.39%	14.4%	5.03%	1.0865

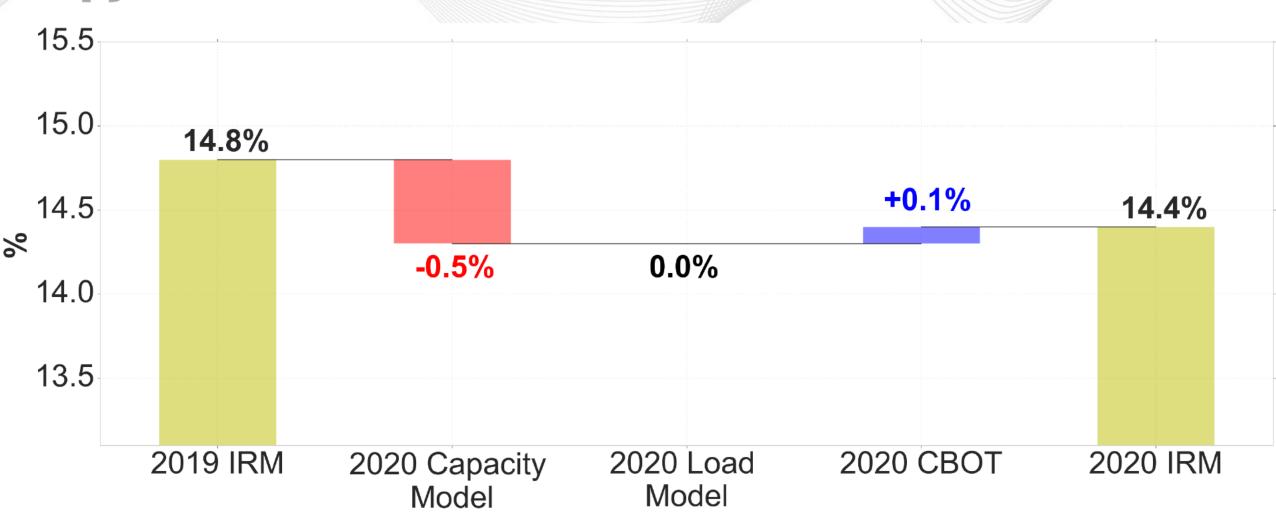
2019 RRS Study results:

DDC Voor	Delivery Year	Calculated	Recommended	Average	Recommended
RRS Year	Period	IRM	IRM	EFORd	FPR*
2019	2020 / 2021	15.46%	15.5%	5.78%	1.0882
2019	2021 / 2022	15.14%	15.1%	5.56%	1.0870
2019	2022 / 2023	14.89%	14.9%	5.42%	1.0867
2019	2023 / 2024	14.84%	14.8%	5.40%	1.0860

^{*} FPR = (1 + IRM)*(1 - Average EFORd)



2020 IRM - Waterfall Chart





2020 FPR - Waterfall Chart



Explanation of Changes

- The 2020 Capacity Model is driving the decrease in the IRM.
 - The PJM Average EEFORd in the 2020 RRS (for DY 2024) is 5.78%
 - The PJM Average EEFORd in the 2019 RRS (for DY 2023) was 6.03%
 - The lower PJM Average EEFORd in the 2020 RRS is caused by a lower average EEFORd of the generation classes more heavily represented in the study (i.e. combined cycle units and gas turbines).
- The 2020 Capacity Benefit of Ties (CBOT) puts upward pressure on both the IRM and the FPR
 - The CBOT decreased from 1.6% (2019 RRS) to 1.5% (2020 RRS)



 October - PC, MRC and MC: Distribution of final report and request for endorsement of recommended IRM and FPR values on Slide 4.

December - PJM Board: Final Approval



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Reserve Requirement Study



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